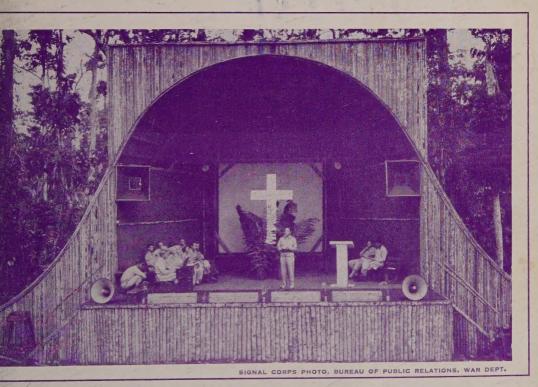
THE

# XPOSITOR D . H O M I L E T I C . R E V I E W



OURNAL OF PRACTICAL CHURCH METHODS



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e XLVII

**APRIL**, 1945

Number 4

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### The EXPOSITO

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A Journal of Practical Church Methods

February 19, 1943

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Very sincerely, V. A. H



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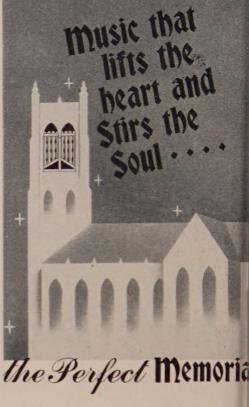
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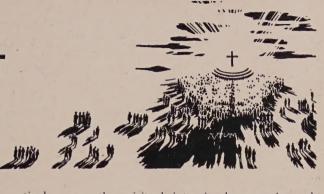
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## VHEN ENTECOST ETURNS

RON N. MECKEL



T IS the custom in these comparatively tame and tepid days to relegate the event of Pentecost to the past. "Such things don't open any more," we say, and then settle wn again in our rut of impotence. It is the iberate purpose of this message to chalge that bland and unbelieving assumption! r, Pentecost, with its downpouring of spiritpower will return, when like those first ciples, we obediently enter the Upper Room faith, and expectancy and prayer. Pentecost not just something that happened once. The ntecostal phenomena are reproducible on condition of faith! Like parched ground d wilting crops in the midst of drought, the odern Church awaits the visitation of the irit, that she might be clad with new power.

"There shall be showers of blessing, Precious reviving again; Over the hills and the valleys, Sound of abundance of rain."

That early group of halting and doubting ciples became a disciplined body of Christian ievers, after the advent of the Holy Spirit! e bleak, perfunctory life of the church came irradiated with the Light of God. cumbersome machinery received the lubriat of the Spirit. This, above all else hapned: A rather disheartened, vaguely trusting adful of disciples were transformed into ning Apostles because they realized that ir Lord had kept His promise to them, and from being absent, was in their midst a ng working presence. Says Walter Mar-ll Horton in his book, "Our Eternal Conporary," "Nothing did more to create the irch in the first place than the conviction t Jesus had survived His Crucifixion and ome, by His Spirit, a living presence at the art of His church, . . ."

ndeed, what a birthday there is in any irch when Pentecost comes there! Routines, dullness, apathy disappear, and reality,

warmth, spiritual intensity become the order of the day. Faith ceases to be a word in a theological lexicon and becomes a Godbestowed capacity to lay hold on God's promise of Life in Christ. Even as I write these words, a fellow minister calls to say, "Something has got to happen to the church today before it can make a redemptive impact on our secular society." He is right; and is not this it?—a renaissance of believing faith! Is it not true that the most damning sin of the contemporary church is unbelief?—a faith-lessness that is actually blocking the flow of the remedial processes of the Spirit so badly needed, and postponing the advent of God's Kingdom on earth! In the 13th chapter of Matthew's Gospel we are told that Jesus returned to "His own country." The result? "He could do no mighty works there because of their unbelief."

Dwight Moody tells us that at the close of the Civil War he was visiting in the city of Richmond, Virginia, and hearing of a jubilee meeting in an African Church decided to attend. One of the colored chaplains of a Northern regiment had offered to speak. The Negroes had been proclaimed a free race. Moody avows that he had never heard such true eloquence as at that service. The speaker turned to one group after another in that large assembly, saying, "You are free, forever free!" "They believed it," said Moody, "and lifting up their voices gave praise to God. They believed! It was good news to them." We need an inflow of that kind of believing, rapturous faith today. God grant and send us a renaissance of it!

At that first Pentecost, that motley crowd which had gathered together from all parts of the earth,— "men out of every nation under heaven"—were taken, and through the wondrous ministry of the Holy Spirit welded into a composite fellowship, a brotherhood of the Spirit. The event was phenomenal, to say the least. They weren't afraid of honest enthusiasm as so many within the modern

intree, Mass.

church appear to be! They were literally in God, "all filled with the Holy Spirit," and discovered in their midst a spiritual vernacular which completely leaped across the ordinary boundaries of class, color and nationality. common identity is discovered. Foreigners became brothers on that memorable day! Let us get it into our consciousness,-we moderns who talk so much about the need for unity in the churches—that it is only as the church becomes Apostolic and Pentecostal, that men are truly one in Christ. All else is just so much tinkering with ecclesiastical machinery! Real Christian unity, spiritual ecumenicity, (so well known to the first Christians!) is not so much a human achievement as it is a Divine bestowal. Only the Spirit of the living Christ can draw men into Christian fellowship, and then hold them together.

As a boy, I used to watch that former "miracle man," the village blacksmith, at his work. Who that has seen him take base metal, heated to the point of incandescence, and then hammer it creatively into shape, can ever forget the sight? But that smithy was a wise man. He never applied the hammer until the point of incandescence had arrived! Perhaps in our desire for Christian unity we can learn from the blacksmith. The pervasive, redeeming Spirit of the Crucified and Risen Christ is the one element in which men can be drawn together in lasting and effective fellowship. "The Brethren" was the name by which the first Christians were designated and known. They were recipients of a commonly shared gift of Life. They were dwellers together within a common community of grace. "had all things common." (Acts 2:44). symbol token by which they recognized one another in the midst of enemies, was the Sign of the Cross, drawn ofttimes with the tip of their sandals, on the ground. That Crossstamped and graven on the inner tablet of the heart,—it was, that possessed magnetic, drawing power. It is that Cross today that betokens Fellowship in Christ at the point of incandescence!

When the day of Pentecost was fully come, that infant church was stirred with a compelling sense of mission! It became aware that the Good News entrusted to it was for the redemption of all humanity. It ceased to be like so much contemporary Christianity, bogged down in a round of petty, parochial duties! Rather was it a Movement of the Spirit, sweeping the then known world into its orbit. Indeed, had not the Risen Lord given commandment,—Wait till you be endued with my living Spirit,—then, beginning at Jerusalem, reach

out and penetrate the world with the Go News? And they did, their Lord worki with them.

Would it not be the part of honesty to adn that, humanly speaking, we are at wits en cynical and disillusioned, with a broken a divided humanity on our hands? We are many respects so like that multitude at t first Pentecost, grouped around the Apostl and pathetically asking, Men and brethre what then shall we do? And the startli reply given them is the reply we need toda "Repent—get a change of mind!—and baptized, every one of you, in His Name I the remission of sins, and you shall recei the gift of the Holy Spirit. For the prom is unto you and your children, and to all the are afar off." (Acts 2:38,39). History recor that that newly born and inspired fellowsh went out from that Upper Room, fired wi a universal sense of mission, bringing th sick and sinning and unbelieving world the first century under the spell of the Christi Movement. There can be no sufficient lasting help from any other quarter! world in its desperate need awaits the pow of a spiritually reborn church; and the chur in turn can only be reborn from a Sour beyond itself. Only then, can it offer itse as the nucleus for what Harnack once terms 'a new and redeemed humanity." A scienti evidently in the field of chemical warfa approached a Seminary President after a smon recently, to say: "If what you stand f does not save humanity, what I stand for w destroy it!"

At that first glad Pentecost there was sense of spiritual opulence releasing a genosity in the hearts of the disciples, which turn overflowed every need! "And all the lievers kept together, and had everything common!" (Weymouth, Acts 2:44). The phenomenon marks the emergence and putern of the redemptive community of whith the living Christ is Head. Poverty and weat alike were pooled, in the new life, and distibution made according to need. And the was enough for all. When Pentecost return we shall have a renaissance of Christian ging,—and sharing!

This is by no means to discredit the unsfish time and effort many faithful people of tribute to their church, in the performance routine duties and tasks. But, take an hon look inside our churches, by and large! Is this incessant begging for money a scandal, a isn't our so-called "raising of funds" for support of Christ's Kingdom Task infinitely

(Continued on page 204)

### OUR UNOCCUPIED FIELD

CLIFFORD G. TWOMBLY

Editor's Note: There is a growing conviction that the church should exert a larger influence on community life. Our individual thoughts along this line have been so well expressed in an address by Rev. Clifford G. Twombly, D.D., Rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, Lancaster, Pa., that we are pleased to pass it along to our readers, hoping that they will also be inspired and strengthened for the greater social service that must be rendered to win the world to Jesus.

THERE is a great and almost unoccupied field in our church life in America today. We are very weak in our ethical and al endeavors in the community. We are applying our Christianity to the grave al issues which are confronting us. Our istian people have been taught to apply r religion to their own private life and conditions, but not to the community life its conditions. So the progress of the gdom of God in the world has been slow, slower than it ought to have been, and forces of evil have had far greater sway influence than they ought to have had! he churches have thought of themselves

much as existing chiefly for those who nd church, and not enough as existing for higher common welfare.

If the church," says the late Nolan R. t, "could only bring up its children to unstand, and teach outsiders to believe, that joined the church for service, they ıldn't balk at sacrifice—provided always, of rse, the church made real to them some se worth sacrificing for. Expanding one's denomination can never be a sufficient pose to thrill a hero! Creating a prosous congregation in one's own home town not enough either!" Something more is ded. A professor in the Chicago Univer-Divinity School has recently written an de called "The Next Step for the rches," in the introduction to which he es certain statements which are interesting

his connection: There is an enormous difference," he says,

ween what Christianity might do and what doing." Can we diagnose the malady and what is wrong? Can we discover the ce of this weakness and see what prevents greatest of all religions from doing what ight and what it should? I think we can: Christianity has three sides. All three must developed if it is to exercise the power it ld. If it develops only one, or even two, vill fail, as a man must fail if only his

heart and brain are developed while his muscles shrivel. Christianity has developed its heart immensely and its brain is not the weakest part. The failure of Christianity is due to its shriveled muscles!

"Modern science, on the other hand," as the professor goes on to say, "has made the method of practical application its chief concern. Theories are applied in such a way as to produce definite observable results. \* \* \* The transformations which science has wrought in the world of nature and in the conduct of human life, is the marvel of the age." So the church must do likewise if it is to be efficient. But the church, while it has "provided nourishment in its services for the heart, in high and noble and holy feelings and inspirations, has neglected the methods of practical achievement," so that "our prevalent Christianity" is in danger of becoming "increasingly soft and sentimental," and of finding "its adherents among weak and emotional people," rather than among those who are looking for stirring calls to sacrifice and heroic service, or else of going off into mere intellectualism, and so of losing its pristine strength and power.

Let me give three examples of what I mean when I say that there is a great and vitally important, but almost unoccupied field in our church life and activities in America—that the Christian Church is pitifully weak in applying its religion to the grave moral issues that stare us in the face in this country today—and that while our Christian people have been taught to apply their religion to their own private life and its conditions, they have not been taught to apply their religion to the community

life and its conditions.

(1) How many churches and how many ministers are thoroughly acquainted, vitally concerned, with the character of the motion picture films which affect 85 per cent of our young people and their moral standards, and their ideas of purity and marriage and divorce, and their aspects toward life in general,

Page 165

and their ideals? And how many are actually and intelligently doing anything about it? Practically none! And yet it is an amazing and almost incredible thing that the church can look on and do nothing while 50 per cent of the motion pictures today are prurient and nasty and criminal-breeding, and growing more so all the time while more than fifty million of our young people under 24 years of age

attend them every week.

(2) Again, how many churches and how many ministers feel any great responsibility for the kind of magazines that are being offered for sale on our city news stands? We would all be horrified if we really knew the rank immoral character of many of these magazines that are being sold everywhere in large numbers in our cities and towns all over the country today, and are being read, it is estimated, by twenty million people every month. During the last two or three years, 75 such magazines have been found to be actionable under the "obscene" laws (of Pennsylvania, for example). But who will take action unless the church awakens and demands it? If a pagan or a heathen came here among us and examined them to find out what sort of literature was commonly sold on our streets, in a Christian country and community, he certainly would have reason to be amazed at our lack of morality in such things, and at the church's apparent indifference to it all. He would naturally think that we church people, with our standards and principles, would be wanting to do something about such vile and unclean pictures and publications. But what church is trying to do anything about them, or even has such an objective on its list of endeavors or We are weak in our moral endeavors in the community. Here is a field of vital importance to the church, yet it remains practically unoccupied.

(3) Or once again, how many ministers and how many churches are doing anything about the terrible vice conditions that exist

in many of our cities today?

In Harrisburg, the capital city of Pennsylvania, there is a wide-open vice district only three squares away from the center of the city, where vice flourishes and the white slave trade is carried on unhindered, except by periodic raids by the police for the collection of fines. And two churches back right up against the district! And yet the churches of Harrisburg seem neither to know how to do anything about it, nor to dare to find out; nor does the State Council of Ministers, 250 strong, deem it "wise" to take any action in the matter!

"We have a Christian mayor and Christ commissioners and a good police force," s one of the leading ministers of Harrish sometime ago, "and this fact with the pray of our churches ought to bring the desired sult,"-but in my estimation, prayers, uns ported by moral action, do not bring the sired result. Yet such conditions doubtless ist in many cities, not only in Pennsylvania, all over the country, conditions that could exist if the church had the courage and earn ness it ought to have in meeting the forces infesting the community. But how dom the church lifts even a little finger to tack and put to rout even such a hideous as this!

All these conditions, and others like the are in some large measure shaping the more and religious life of our cities and towns, a making many of our moral problems as the are making most of our police problems. Spolice alone, without the help and support Christian citizens, are utterly inadequate cope with these things. It is only too appart that such conditions are hindering woeffithe coming of the Kingdom of God.

And who will be concerned with th

things if the church is not?

The church stands, or ought to stand, it is true, for the bringing in of the Kingdom God and His righteousness at any cost. If "the Kingdom of God and its coming is a matter of words simply," or of safe pleasant service only, "but of POWER," of power applied not only to sinful souls save them, but of power applied to evil of ditions in a community or city or count which prevent so many thousands of so from being saved, to change those condition and to make them clean and good.

And the church needs above everything today to assume again its natural and right moral leadership in order to gain the respont only of its friends but also of its mies, and to do this necessary work.

And yet it is just here that we are laing! We have not the vision that we out to have, of what we might accomplish changing evil conditions that stare us in face, and in making our cities and towns must places for our young people to grow up and all our people to live in. Or else we have the courage!

Our ministerial associations are too or nonentities in the moral life of our commties where they might be such great powers good. Most of them are quite inactive concerns city affairs, and usually quite unav

(Continued on page 202)

THE most famous words ever uttered by an American statesman are those at the close of Lincoln's Gettysburg address in the prayed that government of the peoby the people, and for the people shall perish from the earth.

Owen Wister tells us that Theodore Rooseonce expressed the opinion that our govment might last fifty years. Since Mr. osevelt made that startling prediction thirty more of those years have already passed.

ask ourselves today ether we should believe to unless some change he temper and habits the American people es place, this Republic go the way of the mbled governments of ory, during the life

ory, during the life DR. THEODC e of men now living. hrough all the political vicissitudes of more one hundred and fifty years, the Governat at Washington has stood. But no man is not drunk with optimism will deny that e are influences at work in our national , which, if they are suffered to increase in ver: as they have done for a generation, may wreck the state established by the fathers. 'his is a plea for a continuation of a relican form of government. We say addly, republican. Russia claims to have a ocratic form of government. The domit party in Germany, the National Socialclaim for themselves the name of a true ocracy, Republican is a term which permits no such abuse. It stands for a commonlth in which the sovereign power resides he electorate of the people and is exercised epresentatives elected by them and responto them. Where republics have failed r failure was not due to the power of the nies. Its failure was due to moral and tual decline within itself. If the Ameri-Republic perishes, it will be for the same

competence and corruption are bad enough, when elements in the state direct their ats at the fundamentals of freedom on which entire republic rests, it behooves every citizen to take notice.

hief among the freedoms guaranteed to the crican republic is the freedom of religion. The first article of the Bill of Rights it is polished that in the United States the free cise of religion shall not be abridged and no particular form of religion shall respecial favors from the state.

rdia Seminary, St. Louis, Missouri

There are other freedoms which we cherish. The freedom of speech, the freedom of the press, freedom of enterprise. But the inner citadel is freedom of religion, without which neither speech nor the press, neither industry nor labor nor education will long remain free.

Conversely, every attack upon any of the freedoms guaranteed to us by the Constitution is an attack upon the freedom of religion.

Our republic is rooted deeply in the Christian

tradition. Equality is guaranteed by the fact that each man is created in the image of God and equality with all other men shares the privilege of being a rational soul. It is further guaranteed by the fact that all men in equal measure are pos-

sible beneficiaries of the grace of Jesus Christ. As such they possess "the glorious liberty of the sons of God." It recognizes what Daniel Webster, the great expounder of the Constitution, declared to be the greatest thought that ever occurred to the mind of man—"personal

responsibility to a personal God."

RELIGIOUS

FREEDOM

DR. THEODORE GRAEBNER

A republic in which the rule by law is set aside in favor of a rule by executive directives; where boards, committees, and commissions make rules for the conduct of business which have all the force of law; and when such boards are vested with authority to make decisions from which there is no appeal to the courts of the land,—a republic of this kind has lost a fundamental element of that commonwealth of free men which the founders of the American state had in view. Every extension of federal authority into the field of the sovereign states imperils the very concept of freedom which has made America a haven for all those who wished to escape from a regimentation of society. Neither the radio nor the newspaper, neither education nor religion can long be free when such tendencies are permitted to become inveterate.

And the peril is growing apace.

By an insistent and persistent propaganda as well as by political coercion through freak and ephemeral legislation, executive decrees and directives, judicial decisions, and commission action, based upon opportunism and present supposed emergency, rather than upon fundamental legal principles and sound jurisprudence, the minds of the citizenry are being molded in keeping with current political ideologies.

Whatever may be one's leanings with respect to party politics to the Christian citizen there are loyalties to fundamental and objective ethical principles, whose claims upon him are vastly superior to his party allegiance, and therefore have a primary demand upon his fealty and adherence. It has not been very popular, however, to profess such primary loyalties and to stand up for such fundamental ethical principles during the past few years in Our best citizens have been particular. strangely silent on the moral issues involved and have even tacitly approved the unmoral trends and practices which to so large an extent have characterized American politics during the depression years and government spon-

sored recovery programs. And so the past decade has witnessed a revolution in the form of the American government which bodes ill to every freedom which we enjoy and not least to freedom of conscience and worship. In a recent gathering which I attended, an economist said in the quiet inflections of a lecturer to a beginners' class in political science: "Of course, we are today not living under the Constitution." What amazed me was that no dissent was voiced by the group. Indeed, there was entire agreement on the proposition that without any formal abrogation of the Constitution of the United States the business we are doing today, the management of our affairs, the lives we lead, are no longer under the Constitution of the United States. This is not a figure of speech, nor a "viewing with alarm," nor exaggeration. It is a simple fact that the rights and also the guarantees of freedom which have been ours under the Constitution no longer exist. There is no longer a due process of law where the dominant powers wish to exert their will. The constitutional protection of property, the control and guidance of one's business, has fallen. We wake up to discover that our business, profession, property are under a bureaucratic form of control that nullifies existing laws and deprives the citizen of every remedy through the courts to which he is entitled under the Constitution. There is only one effective remedy, and that is a re-education in those principles of American government which have made this country a haven of refuge to every soul that desires freedom. We must revitalize our interest in the democratic processes which are still operating, make an intelligent contribution to our political life and, by uniting with other men and women of good will, seek to restore to life those functions of the Federal Constitution which are no longer operative today.

Externally the Constitution, the Congre and the courts are still functioning. Yet the are at work influences which look towards complete change in the constitutional setunder which we are enjoying the boon of posonal and religious liberty. There is today certain quarters considerable intellectual support for the theory that the present form government is not suited to American active as a world Power; that a form of responsing parliamentary government would be more workable, the President being reduced to social figure, as in France.

If the tendency is, as many think, toward Labor Government and if heavy majorit should be shown for such a taking-over of cor the other of the dominant parties, it migwell be that the new ruling power would was a far different fundamental charter from the under which the nation has heretofore op

ated.

Our religious freedom is indissolubly bou up with the Constitution of 1789 and its I of Rights. No other country has such a tun mental freedom of the church from the pow The complete equality of of the state. ligion before the law is found in one coun only, the United States of America. There humanly speaking,—and we can only spe humanly,-no other safeguard for the cont uation of our freedom of conscience and ligion, the right to worship God according the dictates of conscience, the propagation our religion through Christian schools, the fr dom of the religious press, the freedom utterance in the pulpit, than the American C stitution. All are threatened by agencies: tendencies which have even now made inope tive large areas of our fundamental char-It is time that citizens who cherish their libe unite for a close study of the underlying t dencies which have brought us to such a p and to labor for their correction.

This is one of a series of articles prepared by standing religious leaders of various faiths for Council on Religious Freedom,

#### COURAGE

Courage is not just
To bare one's bosom to a sabre thrust
In sudden daring:
Courage is to grieve
O'er many secret wounds, and make believ
You are not caring.

Courage does not lie
In dying for a cause. To die
Is only giving:
Courage is to feel
The daily daggers of persistent steel
And keep on living.
—Douglas Malloch.

VERY Christian has a special responsibility toward his church in war-time. It is required of Christians that they shall as "be strong in the Lord and in the er of His might." But it is doubly importhat they shall be so in time of war, use the home-front determines the progon the battle front.

these days of titanic conflict, many are taking their responsibility seriously. No Christian can be found in that group, slackers on the home-front are just as nitely a menace to the war-effort as are slackers on the battle-front. In time of our nation has a right to expect every on to do his or her full duty. And every

Christian will be found among those who

lo.

Te of the Church on the home-front, indilally, have our responsibilities in the war, "Good Soldiers of Jesus Christ," just as nitely as have those who wear the uniform. The are responsible to their superior officers, which ever branch of the service they hapto be, whereas we are responsible to the tain of our Salvation. Hundreds of thouss of those in war service of course, feel consible both to their military superior and the Captain of their Salvation.

the endency of so many people on the homete tendency of so many people on the homete to blame everything that happens and y condition that exists upon the war. usands hide behind the war-effort in order escape their duties on the home-front. usands persistently blame the war for their are to live as they ought to live. Others he the war for their carelessness and inefncy in their work; for their business gougter moral standards, for their breaking with ventionalities, and for their neglect of tresponsibilities toward God and their ch.

the every true patriot on the home-front es to be more efficient than ever, in ward, to do better and more than ever, to the largest values possible, to fill his e in life in the best possible manner. They sincere Christian, in war-time, proves his religion and his patriotism by a per loyalty to God and the Church, that

ch victory on all the fronts so greatly ends.

he war itself is largely the result of spirindifference on the part of the leaders of nations. The secular spirit is allowed to

nay thereby strengthen the home-front on

## THE CHRISTIAN IN WAR-TIME

ROY C. HELFENSTEIN

run rampant, and the spirit of religion is neglected by those in high places and in low. As a result, God is crowded out of the thinking of the world's leaders and their followers. Whenever God is thus neglected, dire consequences are always inevitable. The whole world today is paying the price for humanity's indifference to God. Unless the leaders of the nations, and the men and women in the common walks of life turn their thoughts intently upon God and seek Him with their whole "heart and mind and soul and strength," the future for the human race will be threatened by the direst of consequences.

God is still God, and mankind dare not longer ignore Him with impunity. Any individual who ignores God will ultimately pay the price. What a price the whole world is paying today for ignoring, neglecting and defying Almighty God during the years that

are now gone!

lated safely.

Any person who would ignore the law of gravitation and step off the top of the Empire State Building would suffer consequences no more definite, even though perhaps more perceptible, than does the person, the family, the community or the nation which ignores the spiritual laws of life. Neither can be vio-

For years the whole world sought material comfort unmindful of the fact that this is still God's world; and because so many people laid more emphasis upon the comforts and conveniences of life than upon the conduct of life, all humanity—the innocent along with the guilty—have been compelled to suffer unspeakable anguish. There is no other explanation of the present world situation than that man brought the war and all its attending evils upon himself by failing to give God first place in his consideration. If God had been given first consideration in the homes, the schools, the churches, the governments; if He had been given first consideration in industry, in business and in life in general, our sons and brothers would not now be at The war is not God's judgment upon the world; it is simply the consequences of our failure to obey God's laws, and to reverence God's name and will.

n City; Iowa

We are all indignant toward men and women in war-industries who, in time of war, strike for higher wages at the peril of the nation's welfare. Every striker in war-time betrays his nation and humanity, and doubly betrays the soldiers at the front. What would we on the home-front think if those on the battle-front would strike for a few cents an hour increase in pay whenever the way grows hard? We on the home-front have our obligations to those on the battle-front just as definitely as they have to us. It's a fifty-fifty proposition, so far as responsibility for loyalty and unselfishness are concerned, even if we on the home-front know nothing about real sacrifice!

We complain about rationing inconveniences. Church members even complain about the temperature, excusing their absence from the House of God on the ground that the weather is too warm or cold or too inclement, to attend worship. It was a whole lot hotter on Guadalcanal, hotter in New Guinea, hotter throughout the South Pacific, hotter around Rome, hotter at Cherbourg, colder in the Aleutians. The heat of battle anywhere is so much worse than we can possibly experience that no worthy church member, no patriotic citizen will ever be guilty of using heat, inclement weather, or an inconvenience of any kind, cost or anything else as an excuse for not doing his full duty to God and the Church in these days of stark crisis.

The sincere Christian feels a special sense of obligation toward his church in war-time. He believes that the spiritual-front is a nation's most important front, that victory in war does not always come to the army with the largest battalions, but that the nation possessing the strongest spiritual-front will be victorious.

The sincere Christian believes that in wartime it is his religious and his patriotic duty to heed the injunctions given by the Apostle Paul to the church members of his day, found in the sixth chapter of his letter to the Church at Ephesus. The sincere Christian gives more time to prayer, more attention to worship, more sacrifice in his contributions, and more of himself to his church in war-time than at any other time.

If we on the home-front wish to play fair with those who are in war service, we will make our religion something more than a mere nominal concern of secondary interest—we will make our religion the deepest reality and the highest interest of our lives.

We face too many possibilities to do otherwise. We are all counting too much upon God for the final outcome of the war and of

the present world situation and for our individual commitments and hopes for us to fail make religion our major interest at a time lithis.

Generosity must characterize our lives the home-front. What do the dollars we go to the various benevolence agencies, or to dollars we invest in War Bonds, or the dollars we should give to the Church, what do the dollars amount to compared with what to young men in our training camps are giving What do the dollars we give amount to, comparison with what hundreds of thousand of men are giving in the European invasion in the perilous offensives in the Pacific?

We must be ashamed to look at ourselvin the mirror, who complain about what give to the Church, the Red Cross, the William Chest or to war-victims—when hundreds thousands of our noblest sons are actual giving their lives in defense of all that hold dear!

Selfishness in every form should be ablutely ruled off the home-front. No pers motivated by the desire to profiteer—no person who will use the war as an excuse needlessly boosting of prices is worthy of the privilege of living on the home-front. Selfinness has always been an abomination in the sight of the Lord and is absolutely despised noble-minded men and women everywhere.

The poet Gruber expresses a truth that all need to take to heart in a time like this:

"The roses red upon my neighbor's vine
Are owned by him, but they are also mine.
His was the cost and his the labor too
But mine as well as his their loveliness to view.
They bloom for me, and are for me as fair,
As for the man who gives them all his care.
By this I know, that others plant for me,
And what they own, my joy may also be.
So why be selfish, when so much that's fine
Has been grown for you upon your neighbor's vine

#### PERSONALITY

Personality is the sum total of our habitual a so integrated and organized as to give a reasonation continuity of prominence to the self.

Personality is not conferred but achieved. It a product of an inherent capacity plus repeateds which finally become habit or the typical s

There is scientific basis for the concept personality as an entity with some degree of herent power of choice and self-determination is therefore possible to shape personality in chosen direction. The home, the school, church, teachers and friends may develop si tions that can challenge responses out of whe desirable habit-forms may come.

The familiar proverb may be restated to re "Sow a thought, reap an act; sow an act, rea habit; sow a habit, reap a personality."

-Epworth Herald.

### FOX-HOLE RELIGION

Being excerpts from a Chaplain's letters from Pacific fronts

HEN our convoy entered the harbor the Jap Air Force formed the reception committee and really gave us a wele. Now we watch the action from the th, but when it gets a bit close we dive into holes and hope and pray for the best. This great life if one can take it."

At the services yesterday the congregation fully armed, to the teeth, in fact. Every-

carried a tin-hat we cannot go where without . I had fox-holes near the Chapel in case of a raid congregation oly disappears beground, and ains until the -clear' signal is Isn't that ething? I never w when I start to ach a sermon ther I will reach 80th point before ed alert is soundor not. If I ald preach that I am sure the would welcome id.''

The Chaplains of combat troops

doing a fine job, not thinking at all about miselves or their comfort. They are with men at the very front and also make the dings, which is a most dangerous job. They are to see me frequently when they get the nee and I arrange for baths, a swim and are good chow, which peps them up a lot. job is dealing with Chaplains, assigning, sferring, etc. In other words, I have to round Chaplains in round holes. I miss direct contact with the soldiers, but I have a little time for anything else now. My stants help to look after the GIs."

I had planned a large Christmas Eve Serand everything was arranged, including a ir of fifty. We were just about ready to the services when an 'alert' sounded, so all, about a thousand, hit the fox-holes. the 'all-clear' signal we reassembled and had just finished one line of 'Come Hither Ye Faithful' when another 'alert' was sounded and again we hit the fox-holes. We did that just four times and finally had to call the whole thing off, for it was getting too late, in fact it was 1:00 A. M. We all thought that the Japs made the raids just to be mean, as it was Christmas Eve. I had a huge congregation on Christmas morning, which helped my morale.

On Christmas eve-

On Christmas evening we had a turkey dinner with all the fixings, but even at that I wanted to be home. This was my third Christmas overseas and three is enough for anyone. It was a thrilling experience to hear the men, Christmas night, singing 'Silent Night, Holy Night,' from their fox-holes while the Japs were flying around drop-ping bombs. What helped the situation was the sight of one Jap ship after another hitting the water in flames. That was 'beautiful,' but it was neither a si-



Chap. Luther D. Miller (Col.) standing between two Army officers before a jungle chapel in the South Pacific.

lent night nor a holy night."

So writes Chaplain (Col.) Luther Deck Miller, seminary class-mate of *The Expositor* Editor, who served in the first World War as a Chaplain and has been in that service since. He left Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas, early in the war and went to Australia. As a member of General MacArthur's Staff, Colonel Miller has been with MacArthur's boys throughout the entire Philippine Island campaign and is now in Manila, Luzon, P. I.

When the Sixth Army went overseas, Chaplain Miller was assigned as Chaplain, having charge of all Chaplains in that combat area. Instead of working with the soldiers, supervision of the many Chaplains in the service takes all his time, for they are everywhere the boys are or have been. Of them he says,

(Continued on page 202)

## The Editor's Columns



#### More Pottage

RECENT issue of the Civic Bulletin puts the editorial screws on the Rochester, New York, Y.M. and Y.W.C.A.'s. In a combined drive for almost a million and a half for the purpose of increased building equipment, the two organizations have been given a donation toward their expansion goal, in the form of some thirty-thousand dollars subscribed by none other than a very subtly operating Brewers' Exchange. The source of the donation and its implications is a matter of grave concern in the mind of Editor Miller.

Citing similar contributions of doubtful integrity, one tendered to Baylor University and another to the Texas Methodist University, both in the amount of thirty-thousand dollars, and both coming from liquor interests, Miller suggests that Rochester's "Ys" would do well to follow the lead of the southerners, who with a stimulating directness, sent the contributions, post-haste, back to their donors with notes leaving little room for question as to the honesty or consistency of beer dimes or whiskey dollars in Christian coffers.

Contrary to the oft misquoted adage, money is neither the root of all evil nor evil itself. The love of money is both. Fortunately for our peace of mind, those who remove contributions from the offering plates after service are unable to distinguish the dollar honestly earned from that which is unclean in the sight of man and God. But the record of liquor, over the ages, has been one of shame, of degradation, of woe, of destitution, of crime and evil and there is no single penny in the bursting vaults of the brewers or distillers which can rid itself or its donor of guilt or responsibility by being donated to a Christian organization of any sort, for any purpose.

There is only one direction in which an institution or a Church can move in the raising of its needed funds. Where the source of a donation is anti-social, it must be, hence, anti-Christian. Being anti-social and anti-Christian, it represents, potentially at least, broken hearths and homes, broken hearts and families, broken vows and promises, broken men and women, the very things for the bulwarking of which the

Church and the "Y's" labor in season and o

Christianity at large will shudder at the things which are coming to pass when, knoingly, the institutions and the purposes the serve accept aid from worldly activities rear to destroy everything for which Christian strives.

Most assuredly "the time has come the judgment must begin at the house of God."



#### The American Sermon

HE pressure upon us ministers, to be teresting enough to hold our congress tions with up-to-date presentations, oft leads us to use extravagant and unwise metods which greatly detract from our effection preaching.

Our sermons are so largely topical that readily fall into the habitual use, and exc sive, of all sorts of analogies. We read the press of some striking fact which is tr in the scientific world. Thereupon, at on uncritically we use the fact as an illustrati and say, "—and so it is in the Church, the religious world or the spiritual realm."

Perhaps it is — but it need not be need sarily so. So often it is not so, that our i of illustrations in general needs consideral overhauling. Many of our sermons are lit more than comments on the news, expand topics from the day's events, or the develo ment of some catching illustration we ha come across. These may add to the interest temporarily, but are just as apt to contrib nothing to the spiritual welfare of our hears We are at great pains to illustrate something which the hearers would rather have explain and examined and deepened. The illustrati should never be the substance of our remain but rather that amplifying and brightening of ment used to sharpen the argument or class

Under the serious demands of the preshour, it is the easiest and a popular thing do, to grab a few illustrations and make sermon out of them on almost any topic. T be made to fit a wide variety of themes, very little shuffling. What is needed e by far, is a well-reasoned, studious ysis of an important theme, with its Biblibackground and well verified arguments ight from authoritative sources.

We are getting more and more entertained "inspired" than we are being enriched by average American Sermon. Too many who in the pews look rather to be pleased and rested than to be edified and saved and preacher is not without guilt in the mat-

The ministry dare not yeld to such an innce. We have something vastly more imtant to accomplish by our preaching than ply to entertain and please people with a ety of intriguing stories and illustrations. Treaching is irresponsible in the extreme in it does not teach and help save. The erican pulpit is no place for bedtime storeven if, by their analogies and illustras, they do intrigue and entertain.— K. Morton.

#### e Inner Emphasis

VERY pastor has had experience with persons who have been working within the Church organization for years and quit. One would think that after serving he Church for years there would be such a ver binding them to the Church that they ald be unable to break away. Nevertheless appens and will happen again.

ome have given themselves to an organizat, as such, and have failed in their dedicato a higher purpose or cause. Their loyalhave been to an external grouping, and to the inner content. When change in an anization comes to pass it is often difficult such people to adjust themselves, and the alt is that they leave the organization.

There are others whose chief desire seems be to work for personal gain or glory. In Church personal gain and glory are not quate motives. Such people become easily and there are times when they carry their ings in vulnerable places. When the peral gain and glory cease, such fall by the side.

There are those who try for records of one or another. Records of attendance, records rears in a particular office, and other kinds eal to many. The records, per se, tend to ome the more important things. The real ive and inner content is lost. When the is achieved or the record is interrupted,

such tend to fall away, for their incentive is lost.

Our dedication and our consecration in the Church must always be to the Christ. That must permeate our whole being. When that happens we do not find ourselves drifting away. Our emphasis is then within and our power is that of the Spirit. Our goal is not an organization, a system, a record, personal gain or glory, but to make Christians—to bring the child or adult into the presence of the Christ.

Just as soon as we pastors stress the external of our religion to the loss of its spiritual content, we are on the downward road. We must always stress personal dedication and consecration to the Christ and keep the truly Spiritual paramount. "Not by might, not by power, but by my Spirit, saith the Lord." And that is the only way Church work can be done honestly, vitally.—W. R. Seigart.

## This Is My Jask

I try to look it squarely in the face, This task of mine,

In this unshaken confidence,

That as I seek to do Thy will for me, I need not fear about the way I go.

Thou knowest all;

Dost exercise a care so wonderful,

That even life's obscurities

Become delightful scenes.

I have great cares;

But do rejoice that e'en in them

I see Thee, and the calm is wonderful. Men fail me in the hour of my heart

Is well nigh overcast by thousand

questionings,

But fear I do not have

For Thou are near.

Help me to love this task of mine

The more, in knowing

It was Thine and Thou didst deign

To give it me.

So then shall I rejoice and go my way Until the day when Thou shalt call for me.

—G. A. LEICHLITER

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## THE CHURCH

### AT WORK



#### Dedicating a Pulpit Bible

"Our *Pulpit Bible* was purchased through special offerings from more than a hundred children and young people, as a part of a *Youth-Week-Service*," writes the Rev. Louis J. Kovar, Pastor First Presbyterian Church, Hannibal, Mo., and the service of dedication follows:

#### **Dedication Service**

Pastor: Gracious Lord, we thank Thee for the Word of God which has been given to us by the inspiration of God. We thank Thee for the vast multitude of Thy people who have gathered and preserved the Scriptures through the centuries. We thank Thee for the young people of our Church, who by their gifts and sacrifices have provided this new Bible for our spiritual edification. Bless each one, we pray Thee, as we dedicate this Bible that the glory of God may be revealed in this sanctuary.

*People:* All Scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in right living.

Pastor: "Open Thou mine eyes, that I may behold wondrous things out of Thy law."

People: "Give me understanding, and I shall keep Thy law; yea, I shall observe it with my whole heart."

Pastor: "Thy word have I hid in mine heart, that I might not sin against Thee."

People: "The law of the Lord is perfect, restoring the soul; the testimony of the Lord is sure, making wise the simple."

Pastor: "The precepts of the Lord are right, rejoicing the heart; the commandment of the Lord is pure, enlightening the eyes."

People: "The fear of the Lord is clean, enduring forever; the ordinances of the Lord are true, and righteous altogether."

Pastor: "More to be desired are they that gold, yea, than much fine gold; sweeter als than honey and drippings of the honeycomb. People: "Moreover by them is Thy servan

warned; in keeping them there is great to ward."

Pastor: Lord, that Thy Word may be made known in this sanctuary; that Thy Voice must be heard by Thy people; that Thy truth, The statutes and commandments may be proclaimed from this pulpit; that our eyes must behold the wonders of Thy law; and that The testimonies may delight our soul and delive us from reproach and contempt; that The Word may be a lamp unto our feet, and light unto our path.

People: We dedicate this Bible.

Pastor: To the glory of God, our heaven Father; to the praise of God, through Jesi Christ, our Lord; and to the power of Go by the Holy Spirit, our Comforter, both no and forever.

People: We dedicate this Bible. Together:

Lord, grant us all aright to learn
The wisdom it imparts;
And to its heavenly teaching turn,
With simple, childlike hearts. Ame

#### **Orientation Class**

Church Chimes, Shreveport, La., M. Dodd, D.D., pastor, announces an "Oriention Class" for new members having affiliat with First Baptist Church in the past months. The class meets at 6:00 P. M. Sudays, in the Church Library, under the leadership of a Senior Deacon.

There is no program or plan of procedugiven, but assuredly the idea is excellent, escally the name chosen is most appropriately with the name chosen is most appropriately manufactured.

working members of any Church. A er for such a class would be chosen carey, primarily on the basis of "feel" for the for helping new members to realize what Church of Jesus Christ has to offer beers.

#### Mission of Tracts

ew realize the role of the Christian Tract he development of spiritual life of the nather the observance of the 120th Anniverof The American Tract Society, 21 West in Street, New York 19, N. Y., this year our Lord, focuses attention on some actaplishments of the printed Word, silently ying on its great mission in the hearts of the fortunate enough to receive and read istian Tracts.

Many pastors keep a supply of tracts on d, and inclose them in every envelope leavtheir desks, which is to be commended. y of us realize when and where, through

d's will, the seed may take hold.

Writes the Rev. T. Christie Innes, General retary of The American Tract Society, "No can question that the moral and religious arts of American life are being fiercely atted and dangerously shaken, so as we carry the plans for observing our 120th Annisary, we are attempting to realize the aims our founders of 1825, 'to promote the insets of vital godliness and sound morality' ough our publishing of Christian literature an essentially interdenominational charactery which now exceeds 40 million volumes, one billion tracts in 200 languages."

#### Preparation for Victory-Day

Thousands of ministers, and millions of ac-Christian citizens can recall vividly the d, emotional response to the announcement the end of hostilities in Europe in World r. I. The American Tract Society offers a r-page tract (leaflet) in preparation for vs of the end of World War II. The ssage follows, and copies may be ordered m. The American Tract Society, address in egoing paragraph, at \$3.00 a thousand, tpaid.

#### Armistice 1918

A New York business man on his way to ch on balmy November 11, 1918, was atted by the nervous movements of an emyee of the New York Herald (then on adway and 35th St.) who was posting a letin. In a moment a score of passers-by

were gasping in astonishment at the news it conveyed:

#### WAR ENDED — ARMISTICE WITH GERMANY SIGNED AT 11:00 O'CLOCK TODAY

Almost within seconds the crowd had increased to thousands, filling the block from curb to curb. Within minutes the electrifying news had traveled up and down Broadway and across town until sky-scrapers were emptied, business suspended and the vast multitude, seized by some psychological spell, moved as in a trance. . . . . .

As a people we have known little of the perils and hardships of this conflict...... Nor, can we ..... harbor the thought of superior virtue, our singular immunity to world-wide devastation must rather be regarded a token of mercy and of grace.

The emotions of "D-Day", with its summons to prayer, are of recent memory. Church doors opened throughout the land, while millions knelt at Christian altars to implore God's blessing upon a venture hazardous beyond any in military history. The . . . . . answer to these prayers should remain a spiritual landmark in the history of our people.

Are the solemn vows of that memorable day to be so soon forgotten? Or, shall they be renewed and enlarged as the day of VICTORY draws near? . . . . . More than any people in the long course of history we are heirs of the limitless bounty and favor of God. . . . . . Will American character and conscience prove equal to the test of victory? II Chronicles 7:14.—Hugh R. Munro.

#### United Nations Clothing Collection in April, 1945

This drive, conducted in behalf of some 50 voluntary war relief agencies, and United Nations Relief Administration, will be the only collection of clothing for overseas war relief during the Spring of 1945, according to a written release from Lawrence Beller, Nat'l. Pub. Director for the Drive, 100 Maiden Lane, New York 5, N. Y.

The drive aims to collect 150,000,000 pounds of serviceable used clothing for some 125,000,000 destitute men, women, and chil-

dren in Europe alone.

Ministers are urged to organize committees within their membership ranks, affiliated with community groups, so that every active man, woman and child in the community may have a part in giving, gathering, and organizing the results of the drive for shipment to needy

areas. It is a privilege to have an active part in this work; no Christian can afford to keep out of it! This is our home front job, and we shall not fail in providing what is needed.

#### Know Your Bible Series

Subscribers who have inquired about the "Know Your Bible Series" by Dr. Roy L. Smith, can secure complete information from Abingdon-Cokesbury Press. The address can be found in this issue of The Expositor, or any former issues, and we understand there are eight of the books ready now, and all will be ready by June 1st, this year. Single copies 25c each, 12 copies \$2.60. The Presbyterian Tribune says, "faithfully used, this series will revolutionize in a generation the attitude of average Church members toward the Book of Books." Inquiries addressed to The Expositor will be relayed to Abingdon-Cokesbury Press promptly.

#### **Dedication of Hymn Books**

Service of Dedication of Hymn Books, College Street Baptist Church, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, March 4, 1945.

Pastor: My brethren, God having put it into men's hearts from ancient times to devise instruments of music and to create spiritual. songs for the showing forth of His glory, and God having continued the same gift unto our own day, we are here met to dedicate to His praise this Hymnary prepared for our use, to give thanks for all that is written therein, and to pray for grace to use the same skillfully and piously: I, therefore, bid you make response, as appointed, as we join in a common act of dedication. Let us rise. (Congregation standing).

In thankful remembrance of all godly singers and musicians, both in ancient Hebrew Temple and in Christian company, who have taught men to utter worthily the praises of the Most High:

People: We dedicate these Hymn Books unto God's service here.

Pastor: With the intent that we may learn through the gifts of able poets and musicians how to improve our lesser gifts, and grow in ability to sing with the spirit and with the understanding:

People: We dedicate these Hymn Books unto God's service here.

Pastor: That we may remember in this place the works and love of God, the grace of the Lord Jesus and the fellowship of the Holy

Spirit, and thereby remember the same in a places and at all times, in our work as i our worship:

We dedicate these Hymn Bool People: unto God's service here.

Pastor: That we may fittingly observe sacre seasons and holy occasions, at the Lord Table and at all festivals; and that we may sing God's praises in our homes and in a acts of worship as a Church or as societies:

People: We dedicate these Hymn Bool unto God's service here.

Pastor: That we may come to a nobler con cern for the missionary work of the who Church of Christ, and for the evangelist message and public duty of this congregation

People: We dedicate these Hymn Bool unto God's service here.

Pastor: That youth may learn the songs Zion, that manhood may find its maturi through Christian faith, and that age may I sustained and comforted with the hope of eve lasting life:

We dedicate these Hymn Bool People: unto God's service here.

Pastor: That we, speaking to God and one another always in words and ways fitte for their high end, may obey the exhortation of the Scriptures that we make melody in or hearts unto God, and admonish and edify or another in Psalms and hymns and spiritu

People: We dedicate these Hymn Bool unto God's service here.

Pastor: Let us pray.

Almighty God, whom saints and ange praise evermore, accept this gift of Thy pe ple this day and make these Hymn Books be truly the instrument of Thy praise amor us and a channel of Thy blessing to us. Wi our gift we pray Thee to accept us also, th we may be fitted to serve Thee aright and more worthy to take Thy Name upon our lip Cleanse us in heart and mind, and grant discernment in the right use of music ar verse. Inspire us, that we may praise Th skillfully and in sincerity and truth, through Jesur Christ our Lord. Amen.

(The Hymn Books were placed on the Cor munion Table prior to the Service of Dedic tion, and distributed immediately at its close

#### A Prayer Meeting Syllabus For Nine Months

- 1. Some First Principles
  - 1. What and Where is God?
    2. How Came Our Bible?

  - 3. Faith and Repentance.
  - 4. Confession and Baptism.

Studies of the Apostle Paul
1. Saul of Tarsus.

2. Paul's Companions. 3. Paul's Campaigns.

4. A Glimpse Into Paul's Letters. 5. Another Look Into His Letters.

The Nativity Month

The Why of Christmas.
 An Evening With Our Carols. (Choir)
 "A Saviour Is Born."

4. Reviewing the Year.

Some Men Whom Jesus Made

1. Outlook Ahead.

2. The Man Who Became a Rock.

The Man With an Inquisitive Mind.
 The Man Who was a Social Outcast.
 The Man Whom Jesus Could Not Make.

Women of the Bible (Old Testament)

Thermusis, Daughter of Pharoah.
 Ruth, the Moabitess.

3. Esther, Wife of a King. 4. Hagar, Bond-Slave.

Missionary Month

 Paraguay and its People.
 Challenge of Opening Doors. (Church Night)

3. Consummation of Missions. 4. "There They Crucified Him."

Resurrection Month

From the Garden to Olivet

1. The Star Which Comes with Hope. (Easter)

2. The Place Where we Become Sure. The Appearances of Our Risen Lord.
 The Charter of Christian Missions.

Parables of the Kingdom. Matt. XIII

1. The Sower.

2 The Mustard Seed.

The Leavened Meal.
 The Pearl.
 The Dragnet.

Byeways in the Bible

An Evening with Sacred Hymns. (Choir)
 Beautiful Byeways in the Bible—I.
 Beautiful Byeways in the Bible—II.
 Beautiful Byeways in the Bible—III.

-Arranged and submitted by Edwin Wyle, South Butler, N.Y.

he order of the months can be changed to t the needs of the local congregation. The ngement above has no special significance, ar as numerical order is concerned. We hasize this, because of frequent letters n subscribers referring to arrangement of ines, programs, or series of services, as ing worthless" because parts of the arranget may refer to seasonal matter, or months passed. All such arrangements are sugive only, and the arrangement and use for ific Churches will depend upon the month series is undertaken; viz.—if you begin above series in September, No. 3 above ld naturally be changed to Christmas th; likewise No. 7, to Easter, whatever the

#### Startling Bible Statistics

Writes Edwin Wyle, "During my experience as a Preacher-Printer, I picked up a lot of ideas with regard to the Church and printing, and people with a taste for statistics may be interested in learning that the Authorized Version of the Bible contains 810,697 words; 3,566,482 letters, including two diphthongs, (John 3:23 and Acts 9:33). These figures relate to the Text alone, and do not include chapter headings, etc.

"Before the Lin-o-type and other type-setting machines made their appearance, the number of pieces of metal called type to be picked up singly by the hand of the compositor amounted to 5,566,482, because the space between words had to be manipulated as a piece

of type.

"Letters in the Bible may be classified as follows:

Capitals ..... 106,992 Small Caps ..... 6,897 Lower Case ...... 3,452,593 Spaces, Points ..... 2,000,000 Total ..... 5,566,482

"These figures overwhelm one, as even today, a key has to be tapped to produce each matrix, be it letter or space."

#### You Cannot

You cannot help the poor by destroying the rich.

You cannot help small men by tearing down big men.

You cannot establish sound security on borrowed money.

You cannot bring about prosperity by discouraging thrift.

You cannot strengthen the weak by weakening the strong.

You cannot lift the wage earner by pulling the wage payer down.

You cannot keep out of trouble by spending more than your income.

You cannot further the brotherhood of man by inciting class hatred.

You cannot build character and courage by taking away a man's initiative and indepen-

You cannot help men permanently by doing for them what they could and should do for themselves.

-Nation's Business.

#### Advertising in The Expositor

February 8, 1945.

"Inclosed is \$3.00 for the renewal of

my subscription for 1945.

"May I thank you for the advertisements carried in The Expositor. It was through The Expositor we were able to place a \$1,200.00 order for church furniture.

Rev. W. H. SAUNDERS, 2704 Hall St., Dallas, Texas.

A ''little letter'' expressing in a few words the co-operation between readers, advertisers and publisher which keeps The Expositor on your desk.

#### Happy Marriages

Here is an alphabet for wedded bliss, sent in by a subscriber. It was published in the

daily "Dorothy Dix" column.

A—Adaptability. Cultivate a taste for each other's tastes. B—Belief. Trust one another. C—Children. Take them or leave them, but be of the same mind on the subject. D—Devotion. Don't be sparing with love. E—Entertainment. Keep each other amused and interested. F—Finesse. Handle each other with tact.

G—Generosity. Don't be stingy with love, or money, or praise. H—Health. Keep as well as you can and don't talk about your symptoms. I—Interests. Enter into everything the other does. J—Jokes, laugh at 'em and take 'em. K—Kindness. Never fail to show each other tenderness and sympathy. L—Love. Never let your supply run low.

M—Money. Agree before marriage about the division of the family income. N—Need of each other. Make yourself a necessity to your mate. O—Observation. Notice when the wife has a new gown or the husband looks particularly spick and span. P—Politeness. Treat each other as courteously as you would strangers. Q—Quiet. Keep a peaceful home. R—Respect: Show deference to each other's opinions and intelligence. S—Sportsmanship. Take marriage on the chin, and come up smiling.

T—Tenderness. Be all heart to your husband or wife. U—Understanding. Enter into the thoughts and feelings of your mate. V—Virtue. No philandering on either side. W—Willingness. Both husband and wife be willing to help each other pull their weight in the boat. X—Extra attention. Especially when one is down-hearted or sick. Y—Yes

them. Flattery is the oil that lubricates the domestic machinery and makes it click. Z-Zero. Your marriage will never be zero by you follow these rules.

—Alpha Bet.

#### Crusade For Freedom

By James W. Fifield, Jr.. D.D.

Spiritual Mobilization is a crusade for free dom. It is a constructive movement which believes that freedom cannot be taken for granted but can be regained, post-war, through concerted effort.

The slide into collectivism is comfortable for those benefitting from governmental paternalism. To thwart the trend, before it reaches the totalitarian level, will require heroic action

America's first job is to win the war. It much easier to be confident about that that about the outlook for freedom in the post-way world. Eternal vigilance is still the price of liberty.

In this crusade men and women in a walks of life are joined. Great association of educators, lawyers, physicians, business mer farmers, and clergymen are all allies. Responsible labor leaders are increasingly concerne because of the collectivist, stateist trend which began before the war.

That Spiritual Mobilization operates throug the clergy of all denominations is not a hap penstance. It believes it a responsibility of all ministers to protect basic freedoms and spiritual ideals which collectivism would destroy.

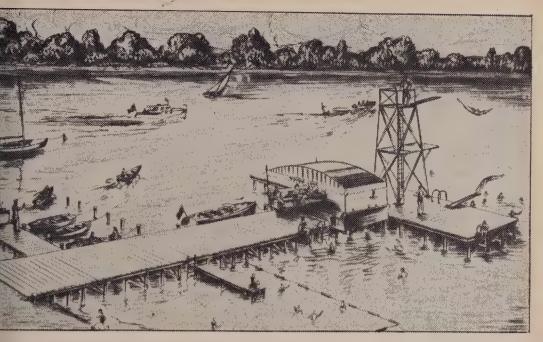
It is late, but not too late. The real American not dead, just preoccupied with the was It is the duty of clergymen, despite preoccupition, on behalf of those who fight for freedom to keep alive Christian and American concept

for the post-war pattern.

This should not be an unpopular or difficult cause, but it often is. It opposes impratical idealism. It runs counter to selful ambition. It condemns lust for power. It cuathwart rule by expediency and personal white It challenges attitudes of compromise will principles and truth. It believes the destrution of the real America would bring loss all her citizens and to the world which lost to her with hope for kindling lamps of freedom that have gone out elsewhere.

The great motive back of America's swittoward a European, collectivist way of liwas the desire for security. It is clearly to clergy's responsibility to show that no state of provide security. Whenever the state is

(Continued on page 201)



The New Pier on the Lake at the Winona Assembly Grounds

#### WINONA LAKE CHRISTIAN ASSEMBLY

The 1945 conference season promises inration, study, and relaxation for thousands to need rebuilding mentally, physically and ritually. Few of us can be absent from our access of responsibility for vacations this year, but the need for "rehabilitation" can be met by combining study, fellowship, and relaxation, and increased and improved facilities at Winona Lake will provide the answer to thousands of *Expositor* subscribers.



The Cafeteria, commodious, well-lighted, for the accommodation of Summer Assembly Attendants

Page 179



## THE PULPIT

## INCOMPLETE IDENTIFICATION

FRANK B. FAGERBURG

Text: Matthew 13:55. "Is not this the carpenter's son?"

THEY were right, entirely right. But they were wrong too, so very wrong. That is what makes life so complicated and many times so tragic—we can be right and at the

same time wrong.

The identification was correct—but incomplete. He was a carpenter's son, but He was infinitely more. We see here our common human tendency to build pigeon holes and stuff people neatly into their respective places. Once snugly filed away a person has little chance of escaping his classification. It is a mental convenience, but it is a moral catastrophe.

This common human trait of tagging people can be both a libel and a tryanny, partly because no one tag can tell the story and also because the same label can mean such different things to different people. So we say: "He is a Jew," "He is a socialist," "He is a modernist," "He is a foreigner," or "He is an enemy." The designation can be at the same time true and so inadequate and incomplete

as to be virtually false.

The best illustration we have in America of the fact that one's contemporaries cannot judge fairly and that only years can help in a true appraisal is Abraham Lincoln. For most of America today, 78 years after his tragic death, he is the dominating figure of our brief national history. One stands by the gigantic figure in the great memorial building at Washington, D. C., with a lump in his throat. Much as we love Washington, Lincoln is surrounded with a peculiar aura. But go back to 1860-65. Recently someone has gleaned some of the comments from the press at the time Lincoln was in the White House. Here are a few of them:

Los Angeles, Calif.

"This man Lincoln is destroying the count founded by the Revolutionary leaders."

"This man Lincoln is at heart a slaveholder "This man Lincoln is an abolitionist." "The man Lincoln is a black Republican." "The man Lincoln is a monster in human form "This man Lincoln is a mountebank." "The man Lincoln is a misfit in the president office." "This man Lincoln is a comple failure." "This man Lincoln is simply dring." "This man Lincoln has no police "This man Lincoln cannot be re-elected." "The man Lincoln is alienating every friend of the Union." "This man Lincoln is bankruptithe nation." "This man Lincoln is slaughting our young men."

Poor, lonely Lincoln was pathetically m judged. But take anyone of the tags whi might have been true, and see how incomple it was: A rail-splitter, a lawyer, a tall gaufigure, a Republican, a non-Church memb-Right—he was a rail-splitter, a lawyer, a talgaunt figure, a Republican, a non-Church meber. But each or all of them together are

complete identifications.

Not only adequate time, but distance tood necessary to escape the tyranny of tags. It this famous passage in Matthew which yield the familiar quotation, "A prophet is not wit out honor save in his own country and in I own house." Geographically a little hill clook like a mountain if we are too close, it morally a mountain can look like a little hilf we are too close. In Nazareth Jesus we just "the carpenter's son." In Springfield L. coln was just "honest old Abe." Distance len not only "enchantment to the view"—it ler truthful perspective too.

One might choose a dozen illustrations our morning theme. I choose this one because applies so generally in America and so perfectly throws light upon our problem:

a negro." What does that say? It says rything—and it says almost nothing. How heart of Christ must burn over this tragic omplete identification abroad in our land. is incomplete identification cannot only ght America for a century to come, but it lose for us this war. Pearl Buck insists t the color problem has already lost the r for us. But let us go back and see what

foolish, prejudiced, pigeon-holing does. "He is a negro." Of George Washington rver it could have been truthfully said, a negro." Some of the most practical and hetic implications for daily living are mmed into that statement for a black man, d yet see how inadequate it is. George ashington Carver was also a man, a citizen nost devout Christian. But more, he was a entist with a most remarkable record. Most you know the interesting story of how he and innumerable by-products in the sweet poo, the peanut and the common clay of the uthern States.

"He is a negro!" You see that does say a rt of the truth about George Washington rver, but so small a part of the truth that e almost lies when he stops with such in-

mplete identification.

I am reminded that Jesus was never domited by the tyranny of tags. He always saw e rest of what a man was and what he might

. "He is a publican." That is what the felw-citizens in Jericho said about Zacchaeus. was true too. He was one of those impos-ole publicans — traitors, extortioners in the ploy of the Roman government. But that is incomplete identification. He was also a in, he was ashamed of himself, he was huny to be something better, he was a child of od. There were in him margins of honesty d generosity which Jesus saw and which His ving treatment pulled out into reality.
"She is a sinner." That is what the scandal-

d pharisees said about the woman taken in r shame. It was true too, but only partly ie. Jesus saw the rest of her. You can rry it on out for yourself and see how Jesus w the extra and beyond in Peter and Mat-

ew and in all whom He touched.

Both time and space are necessary for proper praisal. That means that there is one pern whom you know least of all—the one you e so sure you know better than anyone in the orld—yourself. The old Greek philosopher d, "Know Thyself!" It is good counsel. I onder, however, just how far it is possible. ertain it is that there are dimensions of our als which we can scarcely imagine. We let rselves off too easily. That is just the marvel of it when we let Christ in. He finds new areas, new capacities, new powers. Incomplete identification is never more dangerous than in

one's own appraisal of himself.

I am remembering this too—that those who said—"Is not this the carpenter's son?" in their incomplete identification were not so much cheating Jesus as they were cheating themselves. It was not so much that they robbed Him of credit and honor that were His due; they robbed themselves, for the passage in Mark tells us "He did not many mighty works there because of their unbelief." Then their sick were slighted by their mean appraisal -and their own souls missed the blessing of One greater than a carpenter.

I am thinking of all the values America loses in its incomplete identification—"He is a negro." Someone says boldly that it was the slaveholder not the slave who in the end suffered the greater soul damage. The humiliation and bitterness on the part of negroes cannot so much as be imagined, but does not our society itself suffer more as it is robbed of all that a truly free and justly-treated negro might contribute to his fellow-citizens? And so of that neighbor or stranger who is held at arm's length worthy or inadequately tagged. What might he not mean as a revelation of man and of God if he were given the chance?

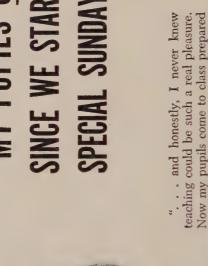
But let us go back to our text itself in its strict application. "Is not this the carpenter's son?" And so that was all they got from Him, —a yoke made for their oxen, or a stool repaired! But you have gone further. You say, "He was a great teacher." And so you have received some helpful precepts. Another insists, "He was a prophet." Jesus has blessed him more. "A great good man—the best." He gives you then a new faith in human nature. But Peter and his disciple friends went yet further—"Thou are Christ, son of the living God." And from Him then they received a new revelation of the divine—and more new life for themselves.

He will take you just where you are. He is patient with us as He was with them. But beware how you stop with incomplete identification. Stopping part way robs you more than it robs Him.

#### Freedom

We must establish the equality of men. And we shall find this equality not in the different talents which we severally possess nor in the different incomes, but in the great franchise of the mind, the universal franchise which is bounded neither by color, nor by creed, nor by social status. Open the books, if you wish to be free.—Wendel L. Willkie.

# SPECIAL SUNDAY SCHOOL PAPERS" "MY PUPILS COME PREPARED SINCE WE STARTED USING THESE



Enthusiastic testimony like this comes from teachers everywhere Papers to take home from Sunday School, read them over and over again who've found out for themselves that boys and girls, given Cook's Story they're learning the Bible better and faster than I ever before thought with their lesson, eager to listen and enter into discussion. And of course possible."

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to problems in the lives of boys and girls today.

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## NOT IN THE HEADLINES

GEORGE W. WISEMA

Text: I Kings 19:9-12.

THE first place we look for news is in the headlines. The small print can wait. It is unimportant. However, we soon discover that God is rarely found in big print. Instead, we read of war, murder, robbery, catastrophe and lust. If God is to be found it is well to forget the headlines and search through the small print. It is there we read of some religious service, a paragraph from a sermon, or something wholesome and refreshing from everyday life. This lesson was learned long ago by Elijah. He thought God would be found in the headlines. He thought so largely because that is what he yearned for at the time. He was discouraged and had asked God to take his life. Above all else he wanted Him to speak and thought surely the voice of the Divine would come in the spectacular, the big noise, the headlines. To these events he listened but failed to hear the voice he sought.

Notice the headlines through which Elijah expected God to speak. First was the hurricane. A hurricane is always headline news, and Elijah thought God would speak through this mighty wind. So have millions of others. Whenever a hurricane strikes someone will cry, "It is God's voice. He is pouring out his vengeance upon the people." But Elijah made an astounding discovery. He found that God was not in the hurricane. What a let-down for him! A great headline of nature and God not in it! A mighty wind but no voice! Yet isn't that consistent with God and His plans? It is not the wind which uproots the trees that brings nature to life, but the gentle rays of the sun which quietly shine from the heavens. The wind might be necessary but the miracle of Spring follows the quiet warmth and the gentle patter of rain. God was not in the hurricane.

The second headline appeared as an earth-quake. Surely God would speak through that. Thus Elijah not only listened but witnessed the great upheaval. Yet when it had passed he was conscious that God had not spoken. He had not only learned but his experience teaches us an important lesson. God does not use forces of destruction to make His will

known. Harsh, condemning, critical, unki words are earthquakes. But they are mir God. They do not win men for Christ. The do not portray His spirit. They are powerl to build His kingdom. They are Godless a soulless. Let us bear in mind that like thurricane, earthquakes do not convert. Ghas other means but not this.

The third headline that Elijah faced was devastating fire. A devastating fire is fro page news. Elijah felt certain God would n speak, but once again he was mistaken. T fire came, destroyed and vanished, but Go voice was not heard. Devastating fires mig drive one away because of their intense he but they cannot warm the heart. God I spoken by way of fire, but not fires of d truction. He spoke to Moses through a bu ing bush, but the bush was not consum-There was nothing devastating about that. spoke at Pentecost through tongues of fire, I nothing was destroyed. Instead, power f upon all who were present. The huge, fla ing headlines are minus God. When speaks the heart is warmed, souls are saved a His Kingdom is established. However, all these violent upheavals may be a preparati for His voice. They were for Elijah. Th prepared him for the voice that was to fl low.

It was by way of the still small voice the God came. In other words, God did not a pear in the headlines, rather was He reveal in the smallest print. A still small voice—trindicates the usual, the common, the ordinate A quiet voice doesn't make the front page. doesn't scream of terrible happenings. That perhaps the reason Elijah never expected from this direction. That is why we do thear God. We expect Him to shout. We not expect a whisper to be authentic. We fill the must show His power and a quiet still doesn't suggest power. Yet this is the we God has always worked.

Clarence W. Hall tells of a letter which recently received. It was written by a serve man who was brought to Christ by a convergative who rescued him in the South Pacifiand pressed home the gospel so faithfully the boy sat at his feet and learned the way Christ—a message that he had scorned by

home.

East Hartford, Conn.

anley W. Tefft, an aerial gunner from Toon, Ohio, disclosed that natives, made Chrisby American missionaries before the war South Pacific island, won seven converts ing Navy fliers shot down in combat. The ner was sure of his facts because he was of the converts. These are but two of dreds of stories not found in the headlines, reveal the quiet and seemingly unimportant in which God speaks.

That does a voice suggest? Doesn't it sugcompanionship? A voice that can be d is near. Violence hardly suggests comionship. The Bible reveals a God that is : His people. A voice suggests understanda catastrophe doesn't. God understands He knows us as we are. A voice indis leadership and help. God is a very preshelp, not only in times of trouble, but at times because He stands ready to guide. A ce indicates reason; storms do not. Devasng fires and earthquakes do not. Behind a ce is a mind, and a mind suggests reason. ome let us reason together, saith the Lord. ough your sins be as scarlet they shall be ite as snow." God reasons with us, not y concerning sin, but every problem that ches human life. The greatest step man can e comes when he rises above the screaming dlines, and finds God in the still small

God has always spoken by way of gentle lness. Jesus is the greatest message ever en to the world. How much noise was sent at His birth? Read the gospels again. came, not amidst the frenzied rush of the blaring trumpets. The stillness was not ken by the din of thunder, or the brilliant hes of lightning. Even the shepherds tching their sheep felt nothing unusual until great event was made known to them by a et light from the heavens, and soft strains an angelic choir. They were afraid because scene was so unusual yet so noiseless. The se men were led by a star. The Christ ild was born in a peaceful nook in a stable. is was God's greatest message to the world. at which can be said of His birth can likese be said of His resurrection.

This has ever been God's method because are is more power in quietness than in noise, ance at the process of salvation. How sitely it comes to a yearning soul, yet a saved aristianity has done more for civilization in the generation than all the clanging, clashing ices of paganism since the beginning of time, the ideal of love. How quietly it works, to it is love and not hate that has made life

worth living. Think for a moment of peace. Contrast it with the noise and confusion of war. War makes the headlines daily, yet it is powerless to bring to the human heart and the world what peace brings. Consider truth. How quiet and serene it is. How loud falsehood is, yet it is not falsehood but truth that is timeless.

The headlines that draw our attention belong to the world. Let us not be blind to them, but let us take time for the small print. The still small voice belongs to God. That is a message from beyond this world. It deals with tomorrow as well as today. These are the lines that we are to read; the path that we are to follow; the life that we are to live.

#### Prayer for "V" Day

The following prayer is suggested by the Reverend Roy C. Helfenstein, First Congregational Church, Mason City, Iowa.

O God, "Thou Great Deliverer from peril's dreadful hand," we joyfully but penitently unite our prayers of thanksgiving to Thee for the victory that has come to the Allied Forces in the Western War zone. We thank Thee that the terrible war, which has been waged in Europe these past five years in defense of freedom, has come to a successful end. With sincere contrition, we humbly confess the sins of mankind that were responsible for the world's baptism of fire and blood. For Thy divine forgiveness to an offending humanity, we devoutly pray.

Make plain and convincing to mankind the better way, O God—the way of peace and brotherhood. And grant that never again shall the nations resort to the way of war.

Thou divine Deliverer and Benefactor, we devoutly thank Thee for the victory. And sincerely we pray that, as individuals and as a nation, we may be worthy of the sacrifices that have been made in the attaining of the victory. May we and all people of the Allied Nations commemorate the valor, heroism, and sacrifice of those fallen in service, by observing this day in prayerful meditation instead of in hilarious celebration. Grant that the mood of the Allied people on this day and in the days ahead shall be the mood of heart-searching, and of calm reflection on Thy divine Providence. And may we all ponder well the tremendous price in human lives that the victory has cost. May the mood of contemplation of nobler living on our part, and of worthier service to be rendered by each one of us—the mood of dedication of life to our day and generation and to Thee, be the mood of each of us.

Thee, be the mood of each of us.

Bless Thou by Thy Holy presence and by Thy Peace divine in a very special way every home that has a gold star on its Service Flag. In appreciation of the victory, may every one of us dedicate our thoughts, our talents, our love, our resources, and our lives to the unfinished task of establishing Thy Kingdom upon the earth—the kingdom of justice, righteousness, peace, brotherhood, security, and opportunity for all.

In the name of the Prince of Peace, we pray. Amen.

Men were created to live like sons of God.

### "ONE THING I..."

CHARLES HADDON NABERS

Text: John 9:24; Phil. 3:13.

EWARE," shouts the old proverb, "of the one idea man." The danger of coming in contact with this sort of individual is that we are likely to discover him to be invincible. To have one idea, and only one idea, is to become a very narrow sort of person, one would casually argue to himself; but to have one idea, and only one idea, is to become a man who is rather had by that idea, and is become not merely a mouthpiece for that idea, but a crusader in its behalf, so that all else is viewed in the prospective of this idea. The person may not be very broad, but to be too broad is to spread out very thin; but on the other hand, the person may go down deep, deeper, and the idea may dominate the whole personality.

I am reminded of the truth written in the history of the long struggle of man from the depths of savagery to the heights of civilization and culture, if you would call the present time with its dive-bomber dip from the period of gadgets to a time of rationing, priorities and other restrictions, a period of civilization. In every important movement, the deciding personality has most likely been the one

idea man or woman.

I see that in the history of the reforms by which men have got rid of age-old and worldwide abuses from the end of the gladiatorial games in Rome to some of the most recent attempts that have been made in America. monk with a single idea was the cause of the ending of human slaughter in the arenas of Rome. A nobleman in Great Britain, Lord Shafesbury, was almost wholly responsible for the ending of the abuses in the lives of the working classes in that nation as it was fast becoming an industrial center. The name of Carrie Nation suggests the warfare waged so successfully so long against the corner saloon, and the name of Woodrow Wilson symbolizes the establishment of a League in which all nations were to live together in peace, honesty, harmony and no name-calling. Behind every reform is some personality whose whole strength of body, vigor of mind and greatness of soul were focused upon a cause, and concerning that cause the person said: "One thing I-" until we associate the thing with the person and the person with the thing.

Greenville, S. C.

But if this one idea personality has be the cause of so much good in the upw: struggle of the human race, he has likew been the prolific cause of much of the aster, sorrow and tragedy that has stalked continents, dipped the nations in tears, a caused the proud structures built by the ho and aspirations of soldiers of the comm good to fall to pieces in a single hour, a often to be forgotten in a single generati The idea of conquest has taken hold of m in many different areas of the world and many different ages from the time of Gengs Khan and Alexander, son of Philip of Ma don, to the personalities which flame la upon the horizon today, and which, ples God, will neither live so long or be consider so wonderful when a real perspective is gain as those whose kingdoms have already end at the death of the founder or years bef that death. Caesar and Napoleon, Freder and Wilhelm the Second all went close to top, carried to heights of human glory beca. of driving forces of a single idea around whi were gathered all the force of a strong p sonality.

The important matter therefore, after hi ing seen how history testifies to the power the One idea man, is to get the idea right, we would keep the man right, and make world right. Christian history furnishes abut ant examples of where and how this has be magnificently done. When Peter the Herr was preaching the Crusade in all the capit of western Europe, waving the sword and be ging men to take arms to drive Moslems fr the Holy Places of the Near East, Raymon Lull landed in Africa with another One Id it being that Love Alone Will Win the Wos for Christ. The motto of His life was to "He who loves not lives not, and he who lit by the love of Christ in his heart will nee die." He was a martyr to his faith, but imprint of that great One Idea personality. still felt upon the forces of darkness and e in the continent of Africa. One of the gri branches of the Christian Church owes its istence to a single idea embodied in a life group in Oxford University. Whitfield a the Wesley brothers lived by the driving for of that idea, and the world has become rich stronger and truer because of their consecratand dedication. The nineteenth century v the greatest century of world-wide Christ witnessing since the days of the apostles. Wil Latourette of Yale wrote his seven volume ! tory of the Expansion of Christianity he H to devote three of the seven books to a o cussion of this single century. The imper n to this period sprang from the fact that tle group of college students held a prayer ting in the rain under the cover of a hayk at Williams colony, and there was born great idea; "The Evangelization of the rld in This Generation." In the glow of single idea, men went forth from the rches, schools and homes of America in a t army of workers to carry the Christian pel to every land beneath the sun, and in radiance of their persistence and toil the nd of Christian hymns and the eloquence Christian sermons was heard not only from enland's icy mountains to India's coral nds, from Ceylon's coral beaches, and the s of Montezuma to the shores of Tripoli, in the unopened interiors were a hundred more languages reduced to writing so that se who spoke them could have given to n the words of Jesus Christ, the Saviour died to save the world from sin.

and so it goes. And the little globes which duce the light are in touch with the power at by the wires that lead back to that tree of strength. And the Bible brings us imples of the strength of men who say ut things that supremely count, "One ag I" and stick to that through storm, strife,

erness and brutality.

One of such men is the unnamed man and whose life and experience is gathered facts presented by John in the ninth chapof His Gospel. A man who has been n blind was healed by Jesus in the city of isalem. After the healing there was a conerable controversy among the Jews, for n as now, there is always present an eleit which is less concerned about something d being done than they are about who does and whether or not it is done according to pattern they have in mind. In the midst this bitter controversy, the man was called on to witness several times, and expert questers sought to tangle him up so that his re story would be considered worthless. he blazed through the whole of the nonsequential with the stirring affirmation: ne thing I know, that whereas I was blind, v I see." He could give testimony that g clear and positive about what had come hin the range of his personal knowledge; was sure that Jesus had blessed him, and was not going to let the fact of Christ's ssing be dinned out by any bickering, any phasis on the non-essential, or any covering with a mass of needless details. He was a -idea-man, and the idea was superb: ified to the entrance of the power of Christ his needly life. He was saved from both

physical and spiritual blindness that day, and his words rang out to all the world that this was so." We need men like that. We need men who recognize that the touch of God upon their lives is the only thing that really counts in the midst of the many things which happen these stirring days, and when so many currents are blowing across our lives that we need be sure that we recognize the winds blowing from the hills of the Lord. We need men who in time of sorrow can say: "One thing I know. God is near. God has helped. God is helping, and we get that help through faith in Jesus Christ my personal Saviour." We need men who in time of fog and bewilderment can shout: "One thing I know. The path may be dark, and the sea may be angry, but whether we travel on land, on sea, or in the air, we do not travel alone, for One goeth with me, and since He is near, nearer than breathing, closer than hands and feet, I shall not fear what man may try to do unto me." We need men who in times of weakness say calmly: "One thing I know. God is a sure refuge in every time of trouble, and His strength is made perfect in my weakness." We need men who put God first, and who make their one idea of life the idea of living with God, living for God, and living through God.

Another such one idea man in the New Testament whose personality gives luster to the whole Christian era is the Apostle Paul. writing the third chapter of his intimate letter to the Christian community in Philippi, he recounted his past life, turns abruptly from the past which he is willing to throw into the garbage heap in the alley, with his program and purpose for the present and future. An essential element in that program comes in these words strangely similar to those from the lips of the man cured of blindness. Paul wrote to Philippi: "This one thing I do." All the proud hopes of earthly preferment built upon family, all the dreams of success based upon the education and training that he had received from Hebrew, Greek and Roman sources, all the skill that he had acquired in the study and contemplation of a well-planned life, all these disappear as the light shines upon him on the road to Damascus, and he sees Jesus, hears Jesus call, and gives himself with all his family, study and achievement to the service of the Saviour of mankind. The after years in the life of this human spiritual dynamo testify to the power of a one-idea-man when that idea is the making of Christ known

We need men of that consecration and purpose today.

Text: II Cor. 6:2. "Now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation."

E have been warned against the lure of the now. Browning said, "Leave now for dogs and apes, man has forever." Now is only for the low-brows, the near-sighted, the physicalist. These slaves to the immediacy and materiality are determined to squeeze out of the passing hour the maximum of sense pleasures. Their philosophy of life is "Eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow we die." And Howard Spring reminds us in "Fame Is the Spur,"

"How still the dreams within the head One second after we are dead."

Browning seems right when he disdains such commitment. Leave now to the earthward slanted, but let the aspirants to greatness hitch their wagon to a star, and triumphantly escape the slavery of the near in time and place. It seems like a wise and needed heraldry this fleeing from the now. For such policy has damaged the bodies and souls of men. With hope gone for the future, or distrust of tomorrow, or uncertainty of next week, the devotees of the passing hour have experienced the thrills of released inhibitions. Sometimes youth on the way to battle have succumbed to this enticing pessimism, and done things they would not have done, if they knew, "man had forever." Frequently people have been disloyal to themselves and humanity because they said, "Tomorrow, we die." For man misses the inexorable truth of the indestructibility of his own life, when he says "tomorrow, death." The truth is that he shall never die, and what he does in the now will be with him in the coming now.

Read the Book of Life and be aware of the magnificence and magnitude of the now. The story of man's emergence from a dark cave to climb the peak of Divine vision is a series of mighty nows. The escape from hardening the heart and blinding the eyes is a full recognition of present relevance. When Jesus talked profound truths to the woman at the well, she was excited about the future, and the coming Messiah. He pulled her attention into the focus of the present when he said, "Say not ye, There are yet four months, and then cometh the harvest. Behold I say unto you, lift up

your eyes and look on the fields, for they a white already to harvest."

We have need of being halted right when we are, fearing the audience of today, and playing intelligently and well the important role assigned to us in the total story of the universe. It is a wholesome halt. It will do our souls good to become acutely aware an alive to the pulsating now. I can hear the Master Director shouting, "Camera! — light Action!" The photographer is turning the wheel and the reel of films is recording of words and movements. We are living in the now. This is our great day—with a wordshattered, yearning, expecting us. What a mignent to live!

It is exciting when you reflect on all the mechanism and music of a living God setting the stage and controlling the curtains and dro for us to play our present part in this gigant whole, that we tremble with joy and fear we appear before the eternal footlights. Reity is eternity, but the now is the only pla where we touch the eternal. Countless year have ticked away to bring us to this spot. that has gone before has brought us to the mighty moment. This is our day. The glo and shame of the past are beyond recovery change, the glamour and dread of the futu are beyond our reach and experience. The B word is NOW with the creative God and t creative You on the stage for this momen Thank God we have today.

Such awareness of present reality will wo wonders in our souls. It will loosen the vic grip of the dead past that has stopped t heart beat of many creative personalities Henry Van Dyke said:

"I know that Europe's wonderful, yet something seems to lack;
The Past is too much with her, and the people looking back."

But that intruding, paralyzing past is reconfined to Europe. It has obstructed Chirchained India, enslaved Africa, and spread blight over the minds of people in every continent of the world.

It is not merely the tragedies and sins of the past that obtrude the present and annul critive living, but the glories, achievements, alights, riches of another day are pulled into the now in odious comparison. It need not be but men lose heart when they think all goodness and greatness and gladness prevailed

her day, and this poor day in which we is barren and purposeless, a day of empty y and lost vision.

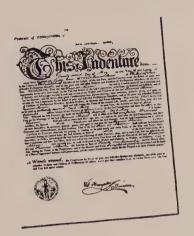
be brought up sharply to the fact of the born day, bringing the light of eternity inhe experience of man and breaking the ce of time, is to defeat the twisted witchof a departed age. The people that lament good old days that are gone, are untrue he stalwart saints and brave pioneers that the world rich by living. Lamenting their ng rather than being inspired by their ormance, is to fail to use our now for our ive role.

appreciate the past. But I did not live in the Wesleyan revival, nor the French haisance, nor the Protestant Reformation. h here today, in the same world in which prophets preached the new truth of their I have the same God who inspired to write and proclaim. In fact I have advantage of their contribution. t are we waiting for? The trumpets have ded. It is time for us to step up and say piece. Make it good, for this is all you the Now. There is nothing keeping you writing a poem, singing a song, extenda hand of helpfulness, expressing love and pathy, appreciating your fellows trying to vell, and creating new beauty by your livand finding ways to lead the weary and y laden to the compassionate Christ. "Now e accepted time, now is the day of Salva-Let's all say it, "Now."

at perhaps the future is hurting us more the past. We are in danger of accepting dreadful war years as a frightful interattitude is waiting and hoping, sometimes ntly, sometimes rebelliously, but always ning toward resumption of the interrupted . It is an understandable attitude. Famiare broken up. Husbands and wives are rated in the rich years of their companion-

Boys are forced to delay their education, preparation for successful living, their alse to love and marry and build a home. y will be killed, others crippled, and still s thwarted and twisted in personality. It wonder that people would pull down the es on the present, and drift back in memory e golden days of yesterday, or stretch lame s in hope of a better tomorrow. Today em is like waiting for a train that is lateing to do 'til it comes round the bend.

owever easily we slip into that attitude is, ught to know it is perilous. For the spirit an was never made to mark time, or mereass the time patiently. Each tick of the



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haunts us day and night.

If you merely wait for the one who has gone away, you will not be equal to the one who comes back. He will be learning new skills, experiencing new developments, or climbing to new masteries. Whether wife or parent we owe to those who went away an enriched and enlarged life in their absence. And that can be achieved only by using the precious days, of what we thought was an interlude period, to play the most important role of our career. Now we must live fully if tomorrow we would live successfully.

But perhaps the greatest harm the future is doing to millions of lives is putting the pall of futility upon their hearts. Anyone who tries to visualize the kind of world we are to have after the war is usually lost in blind alleys, or falls helpless in a fog. The multiplicity of post-war plans trying to satisfy the yearnings of humanity, and curb the hates and greeds of races makes us dizzy, then depressed. Then we begin to say, "What's the use? Nothing good can ever be made out of this mess of the world." Then follows inactivity and inertia. The present can be ruined by the dread of the future. Jesus spoke for our times when he said, "Take no thought for the morrow," for he knew our anxiety today will destroy tomorrow. The finest thing to do for the future is to do the next best thing now.

Recent issues of the Christian News Letter of England have two articles showing how England survived because the people would not accept defeat. "They would not accept the future from the hands of contemporary prophecy. We were nearly lost by the people who brooded so much on the decline of the West and the horrors of conflicts to come that they became incapable of taking any steps. We were saved by the people who lived for the day, attacking each bomber as it arrived, extinguishing each fire as it broke out, propping up each thing as it fell down, putting in emergency sanitation as need arose—doing the next thing. Because of this, the future as predicted, never became an actual present.'

The big sin of all this hankering to control the future and escape the present is its impiety. After all we are not gods. It is enough to be guided by the past, trustful of the future, then live triumphantly the now.

Christ is not a relic even with a halo, but a living person in our Church today. If you did not see Him when the minister blessed with flowers and water the new lives recently sent

from heaven, you are missing the beautiful now In a Brooklyn hospital, on a hot July night, stepped in a room to visit a very good frien afflicted with a terrible disease. He was par ly delirious. Years after he said, "I though it was Jesus that came into the room an fanned me that night." Then he added "Maybe it was." Of course it was. On Jesus in his heart and mine could have boun us in love, and made us share a common su fering. Do you miss the foot-fall of the D vine in the present ministry of man to man Christ is walking now to heal a sick world Walk with Him.

It is unfortunate if we long for heaven ardo not know that we have it now. For whe God is known and loved, where Christ is preent redeeming and inspiring a soul, there heaven. Now is the day of salvation. "This the day which the Lord hath made. We we rejoice and be glad in it."

### OUTLINES

By CLAUDE R. SHAVER

#### A Finishing Touch to Education

(For the Commencement Season)

Text: "The Glorious Father grant you to spirit of wisdom and revelation for the knowledge of Himself, illuminating to eyes of your heart, so that you can undestand the hope to which he calls us."—Et I: 17, 18 (R.V.)

Here is a signal instance of the illuminativalue of the Revised Translation whereby thorizons of life are lifted above the intellect to the sublime regions of the spiritual; anot "the eyes of understanding" merely; that deeper consciousness of faith, where we become aware of the verities of etern things (II Cor. 4:18) which "things" sure are essentials in education.

I. It is around the heart areas (not heart that we discern the real issues of life (Pro 4:23). Dr. Cabot (M.D.) some years a gave to the public a scientific list of "T Things Men Live By"—Work, Play, Lo Worship. Is it not around these heart issue that high resolves to fight for liberty arise sustaining homes, schools and churches?

II. Paul, the apostle, standing before t sages in Athens, failed to convince those int legensia, because he restricted his argume to the intellect rather than to their hearts.

Oregon, Illinois

es up for it in Corinth, (See 1st letter, ch. 3. 17-29) "Christ crucified . . . the power od and the wisdom of God." The church y has the wisdom of God, but it needs a r appreciation of sacrificial love, exempliat the Cross.

I. At Lake Chautauqua some summers the ministers present were called into erence, asking how that intellectual crung institution might be brought back to ormer prestige. An eminent minister (who lecturing on "Shakespeare's Women," by way) frankly said, "Chautauqua needs a e less light and more heat." Perhaps all iral influences in America may heed this

V. It is in the heart's areas, implied above, the Spirit of God illuminates and inspires; king in power (vs. 19) such as raised st from the dead (vs. 20). Is not this sublime finish to life?

#### m After-Easter Gloom to Glory

t: "I go afishing (John 21:3); Feed my neep (21:17); Follow thou me" (21:19).

hat was a gloomy mood, overshadowing seven fishermen, returning from a fruitless st that morning. Their gloom was not gether because of material failure. the shadow of the Cross, the uncertainty o the Master's earthly career, and the desion of apparently lost leadership. ightful Bible student once said that the re Christian church was centered there that

But the Founder was there in new form, ng to new methods, even in fishing; but cially inviting to an awakened hope as he reality of the spiritual life; which could mph over such failures as Peter and mas.

The method was a review of past teachand an evangelistic application (Feed Sheep) recalling His own power through acts with the Father. Here was the undisered realm for that early church and pers here is the land of "Beginning Again" today's disciples.

II. Easter parade and glamour has its e in church services; but the after-Easter y, demonstrated in the Master's call "Folme," is more enduring. "Joy in heaven one sinner that repenteth" (Luke 15:7).

V. It is something to have a partner who guide in fishing. It is infinitely more ious to share a partnership with the Father, he elder brother of the Prodigal was told

#### The Real America

The real America is not dead, just preoccupied with the war. The great moment for freedom in America and therefore in the world, will come after Victory.

A post-war awakening to what has been happening within the nation will jar the citizenry into vigorous action and thwart our trend toward the "hell" which other nations fell when their state-ism reached the totalitarian level.

When Freedom's great opportunity arrives the clergy of America can be counted upon for vigorous, courageous leadership on behalf of Christian, Ameri-

can, anti-Collectivist, anti-Stateist ideals.

Fourteen countries were collectivised between 1926 and 1939 in the death march of nations. In each instance leaders and impractical idealists assured the people that basic freedoms and spiritual ideals would be preserved. None were! None ever can be! Where the state is all powerful, there is no place for God!

Help prepare for Freedom's big moment! nation has a right to expect the clergy to lead this fight. Associations of business men, farmers, professional men, responsible labor leaders as well as rank and file citizens need leadership at the spiritual, non-

Are you interested in receiving the monthly bulletins of this ten year old, expanding Crusade? Have you had experiences that will enhearten and help your fellow-ministers to be effective in this "Fight for freedom"-for constitutional government, the democratic process, free pulpit, free speech, free enterprise, free assembly and free press—the freedoms belonging to man, a child of God? Let us hear from you!

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in Luke 15:31—"Ever with me All that I have is thine."

#### When the Growing Corn Whispers

Text: "The valleys are covered with corn, they shout for joy, they also sing." (Psalms 65:13).

Last July a Nebraska farmer watched his flourishing corn crop one night and found it had grown six inches, according to press reports. He thought he heard it whisper, and a radio engineer challenged that statement; but went and adjusted his receiver to test the report. He caught a "sh-h-h; sh-h-h" which is all that could be expected from cold metal or rubber. But the cultivated soul of the Psalmist had a more refined ear, tuned by faith.

I. Faith hearing, like physical, depends upon concentration. The Scotch lassie, imprisoned in the fortress of Lucknow, listened, while her elders were worrying and troubled. She was the first to hear the welcome notes of the bag-pipes coming to rescue. Jesus said to disciples, "Blessed are your eyes for they see, and your ears for they hear." (Matt. 13:16).

II. There is always the margin of undisclosed mystery about things that grow; yet careful study inspires—Tennyson's "Flower in the crannied wall;" Paul's advice, "Work out your own salvation" (Phil. 2:12); so the corn

sings of "Work, Wait and Wonder."

II. Margin of Mystery can be entered by superior leadings; hence the hybrid corn suggests greater possibilities to life—"eye hath not seen nor ear heard," says Paul, persevering apostle of faith. Hybrid corn involves pruning of surplus blades, in order to get vitality: so life.

IV. Corn tells of a deepened rootage which reaches downward early before the summer drouth sets in; thus it is able to withstand by deeper nourishments. "Rooted and builded up" (Col. 2:7). Results surprising—Isa. 55: "Ho, every one that thirsteth . . . ye shall go out with joy" (vs. 1 and 12,13).

#### Child Leadership For Grown-Ups

(Childrn's Day Afterthought)

Text: "Except ye turn, and become as little children, ye shall in no wise enter into the kingdom of heaven" (Matt. 18:13).

"Become as little children" may not at first appeal to strong men, dignified matrons, and graduating youth; which fact may be due to an oversight of the vital principle, that in order to understand any deep mystery we must beg at the beginning; as we must know the seed we wish to know the plant; the acorn vs. of the creek or bubbling spring vs. river; so t child vs. the man. For there are certain inhe ent attributes, natural strains of character, be ter understood in the pure and simple chinature than after the world's erosion as infection have left their mark.

I. Child-like simplicity, unsophistication as innocence, often found in noblest men as women; e. g. Francis of Assisi; Joan of A. Queen Victoria; Alexander Bell flying a k in advanced years, seeking a principle of flight George Washington Carver, living his simplife amidst laboratory plans and scientific priciples. Isaac Newton "only a youth, picking shells by the ocean of truth."

II. Childlike faith; eliminated sometim in the "show me" spirit, which must be covinced only through reasoning. Whittie faith "in simple trust, like theirs who head beside the Syrian Sea," etc., etc. Michael Pupin, eminent in science, but cherishing I mother's implicit faith, instilled long before in the shepherd lad of the Serbian plains.

III. Child-like purity of thought and m tive, e. g., Boy with loaves and fishes (Jo. 6:9). What grown man would have trust Christ thus! Benjamin Franklin venturing cross the ocean on a hasty offer of Govern Kieth. Youthful sensuality, later purged humble home piety.

I helped a little child to see, that God H made a willow tree.

And God became more real to me. I tried to lead a child through play, to gra

more Christ-like:
And I myself became that way.

I joined a junior child in prayer; and as bowed, in worship there,
I felt anew God's loving care.

-Mabel Neidermeyer-

SPRINGTIME IN THE HEART
There is no spring though robins wing
From bush and nesting tree;

Though buds unfold green leaves that how Earth's unsolved mystery.

There is no spring though wild birds sing And Nature wakes anew—
Unless there leaps from hidden deeps
New joy in heart of you.

If upward surge unbidden urge To live and love and sing,

Old hopes grown new will come to you. For you will come the spring.

-Harley Rogers Cowles

# JUNIOR PULPIT

#### ing Things Up

the same man who wrote the story of Alice Wonderland, which many of you have read, the a letter to a little friend of his in which hold her, "I like very much indeed a little stard with a bit of beef spread under it; brown sugar—only it should have some the pudding mixed with it to keep it from the good soup poured over it. And I like the or three handfuls of hair—only they had have a little girl's head beneath, or they get blown all over the room, and get lost, you know."

hat is a quaint way of writing but there truth in those words I want you little

s to think about this morning.

Sustard and sugar and salt and blonde y hair are alright in themselves, but they best when they are mixed with something

Imagine eating a spoonful of mustard, e, or a spoonful of salt. But mixed with

r food, they are both good.

low, life without something else mixed in ust like that. To be best it cannot be n alone. Something has to be added to to make it the sweet experience, the happy erience it can be and right up until today, hing has ever been found which makes all that it can be and should be, which

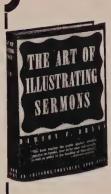
eligion, faith in the blessed Jesus, must he your life at its every point, it must be roughly mixed in, just like salt. If all salt in the food is in one place that mouthwill be salty enough to choke us and the of the food flat and tasteless because it no salt to flavor it. It must be thoroughly ed into all parts of the food and it is just

vith faith in life.

equal religion.

there was a time when people who thought were more holy than other people would be big stone pillars set up and they would in top of those pillars so that they wouldn't be to be near or mix with other people. They aght the way to be religious was to stay y from other people and live by themes. But that is not the way God wanted in or us to live and their trying to be that way failed, of course. They didn't near to their fellowmen and so they failed tet near to Christ, too. Their religion was a mouthful of salt or mustard. They n't mix it with their every-day living.

ven today we find people who think they a lot more holy or religious than other



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people. They don't climb up and sit on top of pillars but they stay by themselves. Their religion is not worth much alone. It has to be mixed with everything. It's like the salt and the mustard too.

Our best example of this is Jesus, himself. You can't imagine Him sitting on top of a pillar so He wouldn't come into contact with

other people, can you?

You remember what He said about salt? He said His followers were like salt in the world. The world, without Christian people in it would be like a big dish of food that had not been salted. He said that His faithful followers, being like salt in the world, would make the world a sweeter, more beautiful place.

Jimmy once wrote an essay about Salt. He wrote, "Salt is what will spoil a cup of soft

boiled eggs, if you don't put any in.

Just so, Christianity is the salt of life. It is the thing which keeps it from going bad. It is the thing which makes and keeps it wholesome and lovely and fresh and fine. It really gives sweetness, just as sugar does.

A fine prescription for a healthy and happy life is this. Take a lot of work and a lot of play, add many good friends, a happy home and school and pour in a big measure of the religion of our Lord, mix thoroughly and take in large generous doses every day, and you will be happy.

#### Making Mountains and Molehills

Did you ever hear a camera called a photographic eye? Well that is just what it is. Instead of the retina or screen in the eye the camera has its film and this reproduces the scene toward which the camera is pointed.

The eye has a lens too. It is a real lens and is called the lens. The camera lens is made of glass. Some lenses make things look larger and some make them look smaller, depending on how the lens is made. When they make things look larger than they are they are called magnifying lenses.

If you take a magnifying lens outdoors somewhere and let the sun shine through it so that all the rays of sunlight come to a fine point on a piece of paper or dried leaf, it will burn the paper or leaf and sometimes a flame will start. Lots of boys carry such

lenses and call them burning glasses.

When all the rays of light that go through the lens are brought to a focus and show a little round bright spot, and only then, can it be a burning glass. Our lives are very, very much like gla lenses. Some human lenses make everythi look small and unimportant. Others ma everything seem very much larger than the really are. People say they often make moutains out of molehills. Others are hum burning glasses for they bring to focus to love of God, the joys of Christianity, as seem almost to set on fire, that is the fire enthusiasm, everyone with whom they continto contact.

But there is no one kind of lens of I which can do all that we should hope to c as Christians. For the Christian is not su posed to make everything look small a insignificant any more than he is supposed make everything seem larger and more impo tant than it is. Nor is he to be a burni glass for every cause that comes up. What the old world needs more than anything else rig now is a lot of believers who will take the spiritual lenses out where they can do the mo work with them. They should use the lenses to magnify the really big and importa things in life and to make small and unimportant tant the little things, the cheap things, t trifling things which often seem so importa to many who have no spiritual lenses of the own. And we should be burning glass always to set alive in the hearts and lives others, the joys and happinesses that cor from knowing and living near Jesus. We c never magnify Him enough.

So if our own spirits burn within us f love of Him, it will be our joy to focus Hi like a burning glass, on other lives so I may do for them what He has done for us.

#### The Wall Socket

There is a little quiet room in a hospi which taught one a lesson as she lay in t clean white bed getting well after a serio sickness. At the side of the bed, in the wwas a wall-socket, one of those places who you plug in the lamp cord or the radio whyou want to use either.

But this socket was a little different, rather it was the same but it was being used a different manner than usual. For inste of one plug for the lamp cord or the rad being in it, it had three cords plugged One was for a little electric heater which sto on a table near the bed and with its soft gold glow threw out warmth for the comfort of patient. The second plug was attached to cord which went to the little reading lithung on the head of the bed and the thic cord ran to the little table radio set which sto

enough to the patient so she could tune

hatever radio program she wanted.

o the sick lady had right there in that n, all at the same time, heat from the little tric heater, light from the lamp and sound in the little table radio. That is common ligh, but the interesting part of it was that all came from that one little electric socket he wall near the head of the bed.

low would you have liked to live through last winter without any heat? Why even Esquimos, in their far northern snow and igloos have little stoves which burn whale walrus oil, to provide heat for them. None

as could live without heat.

and how would you like to live in the dark the time without any light in the day or ht? If you have ever made a trip through e of the big caves in Kentucky you may e seen cave fish and cave crayfish and cave rdids. The first thing you notice on them hat they have no eyes you can see and they all a pale, sickly, flabby, pinkish color. We they live is a mystery to me, but they after a fashion, but we don't want to be way they are. We want light, much light must have it to live.

ometimes little folks, so the old folks say, too noisy. I don't think they are for se is healthy and wholesome. Still there times when we like to be quiet and have uiet around us. But wouldn't it be awful here was no sound at all. The laugh of a y, the chirping of a bird, the bark of old rt when he sees his master, the undying sic of the ages! Oh, there are so many

nds one must hear to be happy.

Well, for us and for all Christians there is reat debt we owe, for like the one wall-tet which provided the invalid with heat, it and sound, we too have One who came is to do the same thing. God so loved world that He sent His only begotten Soncomes to bring us the warmth of God's indship, He is the Light of the world and ugh His Word come joy and life and

ation.

Tay the light of our lives, the warmth of love and the words of our mouths be a sing to all

sing to all.

#### il Blazers

ou have probably heard of the man who driving in a section of the country with the he was not familiar. According to the he kept on the main, paved highway until ded. Then he followed down a dirt road wound over the country side. That turned

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into a trail worn by a herd of cows. Here he left the car and proceeded on foot. The cowpath turned into a little goat trail which shortly turned into a squirrel trail and that finally led him up a tree.

Of course that is just a story, but back in the days before there were our fine, wide superhighways, there were dirt roads and little paths and to get anywhere one had to travel just

such ways.

Our present day roads are all planned and surveyed and laid out scientifically. The curves are banked and low places are filled in

and they are made prettay straight.

It was different with paths. In some parts of our country today the roads still follow old, old roads and trails that were not laid out scientifically. In fact many of the old roads just growed like Topsy. Someone had to go someplace. There were no roads, so he set out on foot and walked, finding his way along as he travelled. Later another made the same trip. Others followed and finally after many feet had travelled that way a little indistinct path was made. They just followed the trail left by those who had gone before. They didn't have to think or study out the best route to go. They just ambled along where someone else had gone before. They left their footprints just as the ones who made the trip before, left theirs. By slow degrees a path was made and if it was an important route, someone went over it later with a horse and wagon and others followed and soon the trail became a little rough, winding road.

So when you ask, "Who made this road," no one can say, for many people helped to

make it, just by travelling along it.

Sometimes we walk through life, thoughtlessly, just like those early followers of other trails. But just like them, we too are leaving footprints and there will be folks following us who will see the trail we left and think that if we went through, it must be alright for them to follow our trail and so they will travel thinking that the way must be safe and comfortable.

There is only one safe route for us to take from the land of today into the new land of tomorrow. There is only one safe Guide for us to follow and if we follow Him, then it will be safe for those who come after us to follow our footsteps.

Just who is this safe Guide. It is Jesus. His feet were wounded as He broke the trail for us and others to follow. He has made a trail for us and we can safely tread where He has trod. If we do we will not only arrive at our desired destination ourselves, but those who

follow us will bless us for a path we help to make more clear and distinct for the and goodness and mercy shall follow us the days of our life.

# ILLUSTRATIONS

WM. J. HART, D.D.

#### On the Beam

Psa. 36:9. "In thy light shall we see light

In storm or fog, the pilot of an airpla may not be able to see the ground. Cloumay prevent him from locating the landifield. But from the ground, an electric bear is sent which registers on his instruments. The beam is his avenue to safety. He lands the beam."

The instrument board of his plane is cover with dials, meters, and gauges. The action of those instruments is governed by known facts of air pressures, of magnetic attraction of demonstrated laws of physics. Relying upon them, the aviator may fly unerringly to I goal through the blackness of night, across the seas, out of sight of guide posts, landmarks stars, through the dangers and uncertainties storm or fog.

But he must trust his instruments. He must have faith in their accuracy and in the unser forces which govern them. He must has faith. His safety depends upon his faith in the unseen forces which flash warnings and directions to his instruments. To ignore the warnings, to rely upon his own sense of direction, to trust his own wits, is to invite disaster.

What is true in the realm of aviation is al true in the realm of the spirit. We must kee "on the beam" if we would avoid a spirity crack-up.—Arthur M. Hyde, Christian Adv. c.ate.

## Opinion of the Army Sergeant

Prov. 13:23. "Want of judgment."

The judgments of men are fallible, as therefore subject to correction. An interestic experience has been described by Willia McChesney Martin, Jr., who, on induction in the army of the United States, in the spring 1941, as a private, resigned his office as predent of the New York Stock Exchange. He former position brought him a salary \$48,000 a year.

few months after he entered the army, tin, on leave, recounted some of his experis as a member of the armed forces. Acing to the United Press, "Martin said that was encountering considerable difficulty in erly executing certain maneuvers in closer drill six days after he had been inducted, a sergeant remarked:

'I've seen some stupid people, but you are ar the worst. It's a lucky thing you got in army, because you would never be able to

e a living anywhere else'."

#### Human Vegetable

v. 31:28. "Her children arise up, and call er blessed."

ohn B. Gough was riding through rural v England with an acquaintance. Gough been refused admission to the army as t and was doing his share by preaching perance in the army camps and hospitals. companion remarked one day, "The painthing to me in New England country life he immense amount of human-vegetation sees. In these isolated country towns, nout railroad communications, what do ple do? What do they see? Where have been? What do they know? You cancall this life. Why, it's existence in a le! It's a sort of vegetation. Yonder's a cimen of just what I mean." They were sing a lonely little farmhouse, only a cote, where an old woman sat knitting with a te band around her cap. "Look at that nan. She eats and drinks and sleeps and s. But you can't call that life. What does know Where has she been? What has seen? What has she done? There sits a nan vegetable.''

Gough drew up his horse and insisted that companion stop with him for a chat with old woman. Feeling his extraordinary gift sympathy, she told him her story very read-Sixteen years before she had been left a

ow with six children, the youngest four is old. She owned the little old house and r acres and that was all. That was all? ere were the children now, Gough asked.

Well, her eldest son was doing missionary k in a foreign field. Her second son was ome missionary in western Iowa and Kan-

Where was her third son? Ah, his work done. He lay under the sod at Gettysg. Where was her youngest son? With regiment under Grant. But, said Gough,



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there were six! Yes, but a requisition came from Roanoke, "Send us teachers for our contraband Negroes, teachers who are willing to endure hardships and privations without remuneration." So the two daughters have gone to do their share. She had urged them all to go. She could take care of herself. She had brought up her family and given them to her country and her God. And there she sat, eating, knitting, sleeping, she who had never traveled five miles from home, she who was a human vegetable!—H. W. M.—Christian Herald.

#### Holy Memories

Col. 1:3. "Praying always for you."

Did you ever hear anyone praying for you? It is a holy memory, that of overhearing a father, or mother, or friend, in their personal devotions, holding up our names to God in intercession. Once, on entering my church in Baltimore, I heard, from the door of a classroom that stood ajar, the voice of one of the holiest men I ever knew pleading with God for me, his pastor. The uplift of that moment abides with me still after over forty years.—

Dr. George Elliott, Methodist Review.

#### Needing and Wanting

Acts 17:25. "As though he needed anything."

"He may not need us; but does he want us?" Such is the question I heard Dr. Parker ask as he preached upon the text, "As though he needed anything." And he took up a handful of flowers which he had upon the pulpit, and said: "These flowers were gathered for me by little hands in a Devonshire lane. Did I need them? No. Did I want them?

. . Your little girl kissed you before you left for business this morning. Did you need it? . . . Did you want it?"

And so Almightiness may not need our weakness, but the loving Father wants his children. "We are his offspring." Our father delights in the love of his children—Dr. J. H. Jowett.

### Lame Lad Became Champion Jumper

Gal. 6:9. "If we do not faint, we shall reap our harvest at the opportune season" (Moffat).

Is a sound, strong body a necessary first step to athletic success? It would seem so. some years ago, there was a young fellow who had to wear metal braces for serious weakness in his legs. He was threatened with lameness that might be a life-long handicap. A physician advised him to exercise his legs regularly, and suggested his trying jumping & something that might strengthen them. boy did so, and kept up his jumping practice through his school and college years. found that his legs were strengthened greatly, so much so, that before he stopped jumping he had broken the world's high jump record by clearing the bar at six feet four inches. There were probably fifty fellows in his class who had stronger leg muscles to start with than Billy Page. His weakness was the start of his wonderful record. It was not his wear ness that finally carried him over that wonderful height, but it was what he did with It weakness.—Sunday School Times.

#### Root Deeply

Eph. 3:17. "Being rooted and grounded love."

If you remember your Darwin you werecall his description of a certain marine pla which rises from a depth of a hundred an fifty to two hundred feet, and floats on the surface of the ocean. Its stem is less than inch in diameter, yet it grows and thrives an holds its own against the fierce waves white would wear rocks away. No matter how greatly the fury of winds and waves, it survives it a just because it reaches down to the still deep which no gale ever disturbs, and has fixed grasp to the firm rock of the ocean bed.

Even so, when a man has deep clingings God, when the roots of his life go down as take hold on Him, mere surface agitations as pressures will not destroy him. He may battered to and fro, floated here and the like a plant floating on the sea; but, however ough the weather and however great to strains he may be compelled to endure, will not be destroyed.—Methodist Record (London)

# Prosperous Sons of Poor Men

Gen. 48:9. "They are my sons."

I have known many men of large fortur and in almost every instance they have be poor men's sons who had won their way u blessed with no other inheritance from the parents than character, a good supply of stiulating hardships and American opportunity

Anyone with moderate information cou write out for himself an impressive list such men. In the Victor Corporation two its most creative personalities were poor mer sons-Johnson and Haddon. In the great Encott-Johnson Corporation, George F. Johns himself was at one time a factory boy, as the son of a factory worker. Andrew Carnes and Charles Schwab both started their care at the bottom in the steel industry. Nas Edison, Huyler, Rockefeller, Ford, all beg similarly at the bottom. Andrew Carnegie, addition, was an immigrant boy, and so, to was Edward Bok, of the Curtis Publishi Company. In a different and perhaps an ev more difficult sphere of success, that of t sciences, we have the example of Prof. Michael in, who also began life here as an immit boy.—Harold Paul Sloan.

#### moller on Hitler

. 4:4. "Whereby they lie in wait to de-

he Hebrew Christian contains a highly innative article on Pastor Martin Niemoller, ten by a Jew who shared his imprisonment. nswer to an enquiry concerning his reason joining the Nazi party in its early days, the or replied: "I find myself wondering about too, I wonder about it as much as I regret Still, it is true that Hitler betrayed me. I an audience with him, as a representative he Protestant Church shortly before he bee Chancellor, in 1932. Hitler promised on his word of honour to protect the rch and not to issue any anti-Church laws. also agreed not to allow pogroms against Jews, assuring me as follows: 'There will estrictions against the Jews, but there will no ghettos, no pogroms, in Germany.' I paying for that mistake now, and not I ne, but thousands of other persons like The writer of the article relates how moller went out of his way to show symny toward Jewish prisoners in the concenon camp. "Whoever is an anti-Semite," said, "and persecutes the Jews, can never a real Christian. Hitler is the true antiist."--Christian Herald.

#### the Next Thing

. 9:10. "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to o, do it with thy might."

ome friends of mine have received news their only son was killed in the first air on Honolulu. When I called to express pathy, I learned that the boy's mother was at the Red Cross sewing rooms and that father was at an air-raid wardens' meet-

They were doing "the next thing." And loing it they were transforming life from

edy into victory.

Valiant from their appointed tasks. The onquerable human spirit has no time to its breast in despair over what has haped. It does the next thing, whatever it be. It is never too small a thing to be tumph of purpose and faith and courage.—

el Currier in Reader's Digest.

is not uprooted by improvement in general conditions.



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# Mid-WEER

#### I. Children of Day

Organ: "Elevation in C"—Rockwell.
Invocation: "Lo, I am come to do Thy Will,

O God."

Hymn: "Who are these like stars . . ." Psalm: 16 and 111, responsively.

Hymn: "O God, Unseen, Yet ever Near." Scripture: Thess. 5:1-28. Hebr. 12:11-29. Hymn: "Faith Is the Victory."

Meditation: It is the privilege and duty of every believer to live that belief. Raphael was once asked how he painted his wonderful pictures, and he said, "I dream dreams and I see visions, and then I paint my dreams and visions." God took Moses upon a mountain and showed him the models and patterns for the tabernacle and its vessels, and said, "See that thou make it in all things according to the pattern shown thee in the mount."

Every one of us has visions of what a Christian really is, how he patterns life after Jesus Christ,—how noble and spiritual living is achieved. Like Raphael, we can put those visions into concrete form; like Moses, we can carry out the pattern

shown us.

Many of us dream our dreams, and then like the Apostles on the mount of Transfiguration, we think it would be good to stay there. The Apostles had work to do at the base of the mountain; so have we, in our own daily lives, down in the valley of dish washing, coal mining, bus driving, teaching, preaching, law, medicine, and a thousand homely, every-day duties.

Hymn: "Are Ye Able."

Prayer: O Thou who hast taught us to seek first Thy Kingdom, help us to accept that teaching and make it a part of our lives. Teach us to accept Thy will as the foundation of satisfactory living and real happiness. Help us, O Lord, to know that the issues of life are not from without but from within. Guide us into the full realization that joy in Thee is the real goal of life here, and forevermore. Amen.

Hymn: "Awake, My Soul, Stretch Every Nerve."

Benediction.

Organ: "The Strife is O'er"-Luard-Selby.

#### II. The Garden of God

Organ: "Pilgrim's Song of Hope"—Batiste. Invocation: Psalm 147:12-18.

Hymn: "Awake, My Tongue, Thy Tribute Bring."

Psalm: 104, responsively.

Hymn: "Dear Lord and Father."

Scripture: Gen. 3:24. Luke 22:39-46. Matt. 27:57-66.

Hymn: "Saviour, Like a Shepherd Lead I Meditation: Five Gardens of the Bible-

1. The Garden of Eden.

A Garden of Herbs.
 Garden of Gethsemane.

4. Garden of the New Tomb.

5. The Garden on the Banks of the Ri-

These five gardens are—

Jehovah's Garden.
 Ahab's Garden.

3. A Friend's Garden.

4. Joseph's Garden.

5. The Lord God's Garden.

Man's experience in reference to the gardens—

1. A Garden Lost.

2. A Garden Wanted.

3. A Garden of Struggle.

4. A Garden Guarded.

5. A Garden Found.

God is present everywhere, in all thin and through Him, man can reclaim the ear in love and peace, from the awful devastat now being wreaked upon it. Read Rev. 22:1

Hymn: "There's a Garden."

Prayer.

Hymn: "Walking in Sunlight."

Benediction.

Organ: "Proclamation March"-Lace).

## III. The Watchman's Duty

Organ: "Hosannah"—Faulks.

Invocation: "We rejoice in our tribulation knowing that tribulation worketh steadfastner and steadfastness approvedness, and approveness hope."

Hymn: "My Hope is Built on Noth

Less.

Psalm: 18, responsively.

Hymn: "Brief Life, is Here Our Portice

Scripture: I Cor. 14:6-19.

Hymn: "I Do Not Ask, O Lord."

Meditation: I Cor. 14:8. The figure that of watchman on the city walls, who is to blow a trapet when there is danger to the people. If watchman slept or neglected his duty, loss of was attributed to him; if the people failed to he warning, the blame fell upon their own he Today's global conflict has acquainted every think person with the great responsibilities of the "warnen" in every phase of any nation's life. We them leaders, Intelligence Department, WMC, and many other titles.

God commanded Isaiah: "Cry aloud, spare lift up thy voice like a trumpet and show my petheir transgressions . . .", which is just and

of the Watchman's duty. Someone is charged the duty of warning the people about all s, including the danger of sin. Those who he warning, and fail to heed the cry, have lves to blame. Those who heed the warning, repare themselves to meet the danger, have a to be saved. The duty of warning against es primarily with those set apart to teach preach, but every Christian shares this duty. ter can give endless illustrations from presentappenings, where warnings heeded saves from

mn: "Lead Us, Heavenly Father."

mn: "Strong, Righteous Man . . ?"

nediction.

gan: "March of the Israelites"—Costa.

#### The Good Fight

gan: "Prayer"—de Erazquin.

vocation: "The Lord is nigh unto . . ." mn: "Strong, Righteous Man of Galilee."

alm: 46, responsively. mn: "Speak Lord . . ." or similar choice.

ipture: I Tim. 6:6-19.

mn: "A Charge to Keep."

ditation: I Tim. 6:12. Christ challenges the qualities in all his followers; never a life of and drifting. 1. Self-denial. 2. Courage. 3. The and habit of obedience. All three born of loyand devotion to a Leader and a great cause, al Salvation. (Speaker, fill in illustrations.)

mn: "Marching With Heroes." aver.

mn: "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

nediction. gan: "Exultate Deo"—Lacey.

te: Poem, "A Pilot, Undismayed," William L. er can be found on page 1036, May, 1924, also, Coast is in the Sky," by George A. Simons.

#### edom Crusade

tinued from page 178)

bed the master role, it has failed. The in for seeking security in the state is that le have lost faith in God.

ne preachers of America must reaffirm the reignty of God and the inviolable rights nan by reason of the sole fact that he is ld of God. The tides of materialism must hecked before they sweep us into serfdom er the state. The cause and influence of clergy are in peril here as they were in r nations whose collectivism was further nced and reached the totalitarian level. A inant state does not champion the ideals

his is a patriotic as well as a religious ide, but patriotic at the level of principles.

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It makes no personal criticisms of office hers, and it endorses no candidates. It believes, and it endorses abando sacred ideals to which for her sake and world's sake, she must promptly return parent. The records of history plus observation of events fostered by pagan stateism in our egeneration make this plain.

Three Spiritual Mobilization regional of are maintained. Monthly bulletins are iss A thousand ministers of churches are spirepresentatives and about forty thousand of have indicated they share convictions and cerns, moreover, that they will be vocal their congregations and in other areas of it ence. Two million persons have signed basic freedoms covenant, pledging their it ence on behalf of constitutional government on behalf of constitutional government pulpit, free speech, free enterprise, press, free assembly and the democratic pro-

Laymen are interested in this crusade helping to interest their pastors in it. T is a fine and growing comaradia—men women crusading for what they cons Christian and American.

#### Fox-Hole Religion

(Continued from page 171)

"They are doing a grand job. They have fered privations, they have gone weeks wout sufficient sleep, they have lived in swafor weeks at a time, they have cut and slattheir way through the most cruel jungle the world in order to bring the solace of Church to the men of their units. I sawed in reverence, in the shadow of their ring sacrifice."

## Unoccupied Field

(Continued from page 166)

of immoral situations and of what needs to done, and seem to feel little or no moral sponsibility in the matter.

They are mainly social gatherings for cuperation and mental diversion on Mormornings after the Sunday "drive" is of They have little idea or purpose of ever ring any concerted movements (except on and unusual occasions) to fight any of the needed battles for moral health against vile ruption and decay. They lose an immorphortunity to do things that are worthwfor the cities in which they live, and for growth of the Kingdom of God.

What then shall we do?

there were a committee of men and n in each church inspired enough with earnestness to concern themselves with things, and to report upon them from to time to the vestry or session or cony, and the vestry to the church, to keep hurch informed, and the rest of the city ned, and to take such action from time he in the community as seemed best, and ready to join in any larger movement ghout the country for the betterment of national evil condition—as in the supof the bill which has been before Conproviding for the sorely needed Federal ation of motion pictures at their source roduction in accordance with the standwhich the motion picture men themselves put forth, but to which they do not con-, we should soon become a far more erful influence for good in the city and try than we know or realize.

ne Christian church ought to lead the way ich endeavors, and let all men see and it that this is the kind of religion for h it stands.

What does the average man think," some has asked, "as he passes down the street looks at our church buildings? Does he of the church as a little narrow sectarian ution concerned only about building up, or is he attracted by the fact that here fine virile instition that stands fearlessly eal religion and for the moral good of the munity? What kind of an atmosphere is church creating by its works? Much desupon this if we would rally, or raise strong souls around our banners in these ern days."

the atmospheres are not created in a night, kes time and thought and work and courand an earnest and determined group of le to develop them; it takes the steady and and fearless and undiscouraged application of religion to life and to the conditions haffect life. "For the Kingdom of God its coming is not a matter of words only, of (applied) power."

-20th Century Progress.

#### Religion

eligion is not something connected with a ng, called the Church; a sanctuary in which reacher and choir officiate on special occasion; lpit from which a preacher proclaims basic; religion is something in the hearts and minds in, expressed in every contact with fellow-men, specially in attendance at Divine Service where is glorified and worshipped, in company with bors and friends. Religion is like the air we me, invisible, but necessary to life."



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#### Pentecost

(Continued from page 164)

thetic? Add to that a tandem procession annual fairs, benefits, socials, rummage sal etc., and all with the purpose of procuri funds for the maintenance of the Christian 6 terprise! Surely, it is high time that the tire structure of church finance—and the m titudinous denominational agencies that accor pany it - are brought under the redempti aegis of the Holy Spirit. We need to conn again with the infinite Source of all supply, with that God and Father, Who, if we be I THE STREAM OF HIS MIGHTY PURPOS will supply all our needs through His rich in glory in Christ Jesus. Out of sheer joy as gratitude for their new found life, those ear disciples brought their worldly goods and la them at the feet of the Apostles. It wasn't COLLECTION! It was an OFFERING Love, coming direct from the heart! Our ma problems of church finance will be solved wh they are approached, not from the fiscal, b from the spiritual side. Let Pentecost, with visitation of spiritual power, really come to church. Then, not only will its local needs met, but an opulence will stream out from the church to bless all mankind. Here, too, jud ment must begin at the Household of Fait A PENTECOSTAL CHURCH IS A GENE OUS CHURCH!

We knew of a Church which was havi difficulty, making financial ends meet. that Church came a pastor who believed wi all his heart in the power of the Holy Spi to completely regenerate a Church, includi its finances. First of all, the officers of the Church accompanied their pastor into the U per Room of faith and prayer and expectan-Then Pentecost descended upon the entire me bership. The present budget of that Chur today stands at 66 thousand dollars, with thousand dollars pledged to the cause of Chr tian World Missions.

Dare to believe it! God's economy - tl of the Spirit - is not one of scarcity, but abundance. Then, VENI CREATOR SPI ITUS. Come Holy Spirit, and our every ne shall be met!

#### Memorials

If we work upon marble, it will perish; if work upon brass, time will efface it; if we is temples they will crumble into dust; but if we w upon immortal spirits, if we imbue them we principles, with the just fear and omnipotence God and love of fellowmen, we engrave on the something that will brighten through all eternity Daniel Webster.